

Summary of product characteristics for a biocidal product

Product name: Ratidur свежа примамка

Product type(s): PT14 - Rodenticides (Pest control)

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Authorisation number: 3386-1

R4BP 3 asset reference number: BG-0030011-0000

Table Of Contents

Administrative information	1
1.1. Trade names of the product	1
1.2. Authorisation holder	1
1.3. Manufacturer(s) of the biocidal products	1
1.4. Manufacturer(s) of the active substance(s)	1
2. Product composition and formulation	2
2.1. Qualitative and quantitative information on the composition of the biocidal product	2
2.2. Type of formulation	2
3. Hazard and precautionary statements	2
4. Authorised use(s)	3
5. General directions for use	18
5.1. Instructions for use	18
5.2. Risk mitigation measures	20
5.3. Particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment	20
5.4. Instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging	21
5.5. Conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage	21
6. Other information	21

Administrative information

1.1. Trade names of the product

Ratidur свежа примамка

1.2. Authorisation holder

Name and address of the authorisation holder	Name	IMPEX EUROPA, S.L.
	Address	Avda. de Pontevedra, nº 39 36600 Vilagarcía de Arousa Spain
Authorisation number		3386-1
R4BP 3 asset reference number		BG-0030011-0000
Date of the authorisation		18/10/2022
Expiry date of the authorisation		01/07/2024

1.3. Manufacturer(s) of the biocidal products

Name of the manufacturer	IMPEX EUROPA, S.L.
Address of the manufacturer	Avda. de Pontevedra, nº 39 36600 Villagarcía de Arosa (Pontevedra) Spain
Location of manufacturing sites	Polígono Industrial de Trabanca Badiña, parcelas 22-24 36600 Villagarcía de Arosa (Pontevedra) Spain

1.4. Manufacturer(s) of the active substance(s)

Active substance	12 - Bromadiolone
Name of the manufacturer	LABORATORIOS AGROCHEM S.L
Address of the manufacturer	C/ Tres Rieres, 10 08292 Esparreguera (Barcelona) Spain
Location of manufacturing sites	C/ Tres Rieres, 10 08292 Esparreguera (Barcelona) Spain

2. Product composition and formulation

2.1. Qualitative and quantitative information on the composition of the biocidal product

Common name	IUPAC name	Function	CAS number	EC number	Content (%)
Bromadiolone	3-[3-(4'-Bromo[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-3-hydroxy-1-phenylpropyl]-4-hydroxy-2H-1-benzopyran-2-one	Active Substance	28772-56-7	249-205-9	0,0029

2.2. Type of formulation

Ready-to-use: paste

3. Hazard and precautionary statements

Hazard statements	May cause damage to organs (blood through prolonged or repeated exposure ..
Precautionary statements	<p>Keep out of reach of children.</p> <p>Read carefully and follow all instructions.</p> <p>Wear protective clothing.</p> <p>Get medical advice if you feel unwell.</p> <p>Get medical attention if you feel unwell.</p> <p>Dispose of contents to as a hazardous waste to a registered establishment or undertaking, in accordance with current regulations..</p>

Dispose of container to as a hazardous waste to a registered establishment or undertaking, in accordance with current regulations..

4. Authorised use(s)

4.1 Use description

Use 1 - Use 1: House mice and brown rats– general public – indoor

Product type	PT14 - Rodenticides (Pest control)
Where relevant, an exact description of the authorised use	Not relevant for rodenticides
Target organism(s) (including development stage)	Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Adults Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Juveniles Scientific name: Mus musculus Common name: House mouse Development stage: Adults Scientific name: Mus musculus Common name: House mouse Development stage: Juveniles
Field(s) of use	Indoor Indoor
Application method(s)	Method: In bait boxes Detailed description: Ready-to-use bait to be used in tamper-resistant bait stations
Application rate(s) and frequencies	Application Rate: Mice: bait boxes with 60g of product each 5-10m ; Rats: bait boxes with 100g of product each 5-10m Dilution (%): 0 Number and timing of application: Mice: bait boxes with 60g of product each 5-10m 60g of bait per bait station. If more than one bait station is needed, the minimum distance between bait stations should be of 5-10m (5m in case of strong infestation and 10m in case of weak infestation). Rats: bait boxes with 100g of product each 5-10m 100g of bait per bait station. If more than one bait station is needed, the minimum distance between bait stations should be of 5-10 meters (5m in case of strong infestation and 10m in case of weak infestation).

Category(ies) of users

General public (non-professional)

Pack sizes and packaging material

Maximum pack size of 150g.

Number of packed bags per packaging: up to 150g

Grams/kg of bait per packed bag: individual nonwoven tissue/cotton tea net sachets of 10 to 20 g

Packaging material: Bags, Bucket or cardboard boxes.

Material: Kraft paper, Polyethylene (PE) or polypropylene (PP) and HDPE.

4.1.1 Use-specific instructions for use

- The bait stations should be visited only 2 to 3 days after the beginning of the treatment and at least weekly afterwards, in order to check whether the bait is accepted, the bait stations are intact and to remove rodent bodies. Re-fill bait when necessary.

4.1.2 Use-specific risk mitigation measures

See section Directions for use

4.1.3 Where specific to the use, the particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment

See section Directions for use

4.1.4 Where specific to the use, the instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging

See section Directions for use

4.1.5 Where specific to the use, the conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage

See section Directions for use

4.2 Use description

Use 2 - Use 2- Brown Rats – general public – Outdoor around buildings

Product type

PT14 - Rodenticides (Pest control)

Where relevant, an exact description of the authorised use	-
Target organism(s) (including development stage)	<p>Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Adults</p> <p>Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Juveniles</p>
Field(s) of use	<p>Outdoor</p> <p>Outdoor around buildings</p>
Application method(s)	<p>Method: In bait boxes Detailed description: Ready-to-use bait to be used in tamper-resistant bait stations</p>
Application rate(s) and frequencies	<p>Application Rate: Rats: bait boxes with 100g of product each 5-10m Dilution (%): 0 Number and timing of application: Rats: bait boxes with 100g of product each 5-10m</p> <p>100g of bait per bait station. If more than one bait station is needed, the minimum distance between bait stations should be of 5-10 meters (5m in case of strong infestation and 10m in case of weak infestation).</p>
Category(ies) of users	General public (non-professional)
Pack sizes and packaging material	<p>Maximum pack size of 150g. Number of packed bags per packaging: up to 150g Grams/kg of bait per packed bag: individual nonwoven tissue/cotton tea net sachets of 10 to 20 g Packaging material: Bags, Bucket or cardboard boxes. Material: Kraft paper, Polyethylene (PE) or polypropylene (PP) and HDPE.</p>

4.2.1 Use-specific instructions for use

- Place the bait stations in areas not liable to flooding.
- Replace any bait in a bait station in which bait has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt.
- The bait stations should be visited only 5 to 7 days after the beginning of the treatment and at least weekly afterwards, in order to check whether the bait is accepted, the bait stations are intact and to remove rodent bodies. Re-fill bait when necessary.

4.2.2 Use-specific risk mitigation measures

See section Directions for use

4.2.3 Where specific to the use, the particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment

See section Directions for use

4.2.4 Where specific to the use, the instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging

See section Directions for use

4.2.5 Where specific to the use, the conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage

See section Directions for use

4.3 Use description

Use 3 - Use 3- House mice – professionals – indoor

Product type

PT14 - Rodenticides (Pest control)

Where relevant, an exact description of the authorised use

Not relevant for rodenticides

Target organism(s) (including development stage)

Scientific name: *Mus musculus*
Common name: House mouse
Development stage: Adults

Scientific name: *Mus musculus*
Common name: House mouse
Development stage: Juveniles

Field(s) of use

Indoor

Indoor

Application method(s)

Method: In bait boxes
Detailed description:
Ready-to-use bait to be used in tamper-resistant bait stations

Application rate(s) and frequencies

Application Rate: Mice: bait boxes with 60g of product each 5-10m
Dilution (%): 0
Number and timing of application:
Mice: bait boxes with 60g of product each 5-10m

60g of bait per bait station. If more than one bait station is needed, the minimum distance between bait stations should be of 5-10 meters (5m in case of strong infestation and 10m in case of weak infestation).

Category(ies) of users

Professional

Pack sizes and packaging material

Minimum pack size of 3 kg.

Number of packed bags per packaging: up to 30 kg.

Grams/kg of bait per packed bag: individual nonwoven tissue/cotton tea net sachets of 10 to 20g.

Pre-filled plastic trays of 60g

Tubes of 60 to 600 g. To apply via caulking gun.

Packaging material: Bags, Bucket or cardboard boxes..

Material: Kraft paper, Polyethylene (PE) or polypropylene (PP) and HDPE.

4.3.1 Use-specific instructions for use

- The bait stations should be visited at least every 2 to 3 days at the beginning of the treatment and at least weekly afterwards, in order to check whether the bait is accepted, the bait stations are intact and to remove rodent bodies. Re-fill bait when necessary.
- Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice.

4.3.2 Use-specific risk mitigation measures

See section Directions for use

4.3.3 Where specific to the use, the particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment

- When placing bait stations close to water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with water is avoided.

4.3.4 Where specific to the use, the instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging

See section Directions for use

4.3.5 Where specific to the use, the conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage

See section Directions for use

4.4 Use description

Use 4 - Use 4 – Brown Rats – professionals – indoor

Product type	PT14 - Rodenticides (Pest control)
Where relevant, an exact description of the authorised use	Not relevant for rodenticides
Target organism(s) (including development stage)	<p>Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Adults</p> <p>Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Juveniles</p>
Field(s) of use	<p>Indoor</p> <p>Indoor</p>
Application method(s)	<p>Method: In bait boxes Detailed description: Ready-to-use bait to be used in tamper-resistant bait stations</p>
Application rate(s) and frequencies	<p>Application Rate: Rat: bait boxes with 100g of product each 5-10m Dilution (%): 0 Number and timing of application: Rat: bait boxes with 100g of product each 5-10m</p> <p>100g of bait per bait station. If more than one bait station is needed, the minimum distance between bait stations should be of 5-10 meters (5m in case of strong infestation and 10m in case of weak infestation).</p>
Category(ies) of users	Professional
Pack sizes and packaging material	<p>Minimum pack size of 3 kg.</p> <p>Number of packed bags per packaging: up to 30 kg. Grams/kg of bait per packed bag: individual nonwoven tissue/cotton tea net sachets of 10 to 20g Pre-filled plastic trays of 100g Tubes of 50 to 600 g. To apply via caulking gun. Packaging material: Bags, Bucket or cardboard boxes.. Material: Kraft paper, Polyethylene (PE) or polypropylene (PP) and HDPE.</p>

4.4.1 Use-specific instructions for use

- The bait stations should be visited only 5 to 7 days after the beginning of the treatment and at least weekly afterwards, in order to check whether the bait is accepted, the bait stations are intact and to remove rodent bodies. Re-fill bait when necessary.
- Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice.

4.4.2 Use-specific risk mitigation measures

See section Directions for use

4.4.3 Where specific to the use, the particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment

- When placing bait stations close to water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with water is avoided.

4.4.4 Where specific to the use, the instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging

See section Directions for use

4.4.5 Where specific to the use, the conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage

See section Directions for use

4.5 Use description

Use 5 - Use 5 – House mice and/or brown rats – professionals – outdoor around buildings

Product type	PT14 - Rodenticides (Pest control)
Where relevant, an exact description of the authorised use	Not relevant for rodenticides
Target organism(s) (including development stage)	Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Adults Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Juveniles Scientific name: Mus musculus Common name: House mouse Development stage: Adults Scientific name: Mus musculus Common name: House mouse Development stage: Juveniles
Field(s) of use	Outdoor Outdoor around buildings
Application method(s)	Method: In bait boxes Detailed description: Ready-to-use bait to be used in tamper-resistant bait stations

Application rate(s) and frequencies

Application Rate: Rats: bait boxes with 100 g of product each 5-10m ; Mice: bait boxes with 60g of product each 5-10m.
Dilution (%): 0
Number and timing of application:
Rats: bait boxes with 100 g of product each 5-10m

100 g of bait per bait station. If more than one bait station is needed, the minimum distance between bait stations should be of 5-10 meters (5m in case of strong infestation and 10m in case of weak infestation).

Mice: bait boxes with 60 g of product each 5-10m.

60 g of bait per bait station. If more than one bait station is needed, the minimum distance between bait stations should be of 5-10 meters (5m in case of strong infestation and 10m in case of weak infestation).

Category(ies) of users

Professional

Pack sizes and packaging material

Minimum pack size of 3 kg.

Number of packed bags per packaging: up to 30 kg.

Grams/kg of bait per packed bag: individual nonwoven tissue/cotton tea net sachets of 10 to 20g.

Pre-filled plastic trays of 60 and 100g

Tubes of 50 to 600 g. To apply via caulking gun.

Packaging material: Bags , Bucket. or cardboard boxes.

Material: Kraft paper, Polyethylene (PE) or polypropylene (PP) and HDPE.

4.5.1 Use-specific instructions for use

- Protect bait from the atmospheric conditions (e.g. rain, snow, etc.). Place the bait stations in areas not liable to flooding.
- The bait stations should be visited [for mice - at least every 2 to 3 days at] [for rats - only 5 to 7 days after] the beginning of the treatment and at least weekly afterwards, in order to check whether the bait is accepted, the bait stations are intact and to remove rodent bodies. Re-fill bait when necessary.
- Replace any bait in a bait station in which bait has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt.
- Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice.

4.5.2 Use-specific risk mitigation measures

- Do not apply this product directly in the burrows

4.5.3 Where specific to the use, the particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment

- When placing bait stations close to surface waters (e.g. rivers, ponds, water channels, dykes, irrigation ditches) or water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with water is avoided.

4.5.4 Where specific to the use, the instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging

See section Directions for use

4.5.5 Where specific to the use, the conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage

See section Directions for use

4.6 Use description

Use 6 - Use 6 - House mice and/or brown rats – trained professionals – indoor

Product type	PT14 - Rodenticides (Pest control)
Where relevant, an exact description of the authorised use	Not relevant for rodenticides
Target organism(s) (including development stage)	<p>Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Adults</p> <p>Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Juveniles</p> <p>Scientific name: Mus musculus Common name: House mouse Development stage: Adults</p> <p>Scientific name: Mus musculus Common name: House mouse Development stage: Juveniles</p>
Field(s) of use	<p>Indoor</p> <p>Indoor</p>
Application method(s)	<p>Method: In bait boxes</p> <p>Detailed description:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ready-to-use bait to be used in tamper-resistant bait stations - Covered and protected baiting points.
Application rate(s) and frequencies	<p>Application Rate: Rats: bait boxes with 100-200 g per baiting point; Mice: bait boxes with 60-100 g per baiting point</p> <p>Dilution (%): 0</p> <p>Number and timing of application:</p> <p>Rats: bait boxes with 100-200 g per baiting point</p> <p>Mice: bait boxes with 60-100 g per baiting point</p> <p>Not relevant in ESJ:</p> <p>Permanent baiting</p>

Category(ies) of users

Trained professional

Pack sizes and packaging material

Minimum pack size of 3 kg.

Number of packed bags per packaging: up to 30 kg.
Grams/kg of bait per packed bag: individual nonwoven tissue/cotton tea net sachets of 10 to 20g.
Pre-filled plastic trays of 60 and 100g
Tubes of 50 to 600 g. To apply via caulking gun.
Packaging material: Bags , Bucket or cardboard boxes. .
Material: Kraft paper, Polyethylene (PE) or polypropylene (PP) and HDPE

4.6.1 Use-specific instructions for use

- Remove the remaining product at the end of treatment period.
 - Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice
- [Not relevant in ES]:
- Additional specific instruction of use for permanent baiting:
- Where possible, it is recommended that the treated area is revisited every 4 weeks at the latest in order to avoid any selection of a resistant population.
 - [When available] Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice.

4.6.2 Use-specific risk mitigation measures

- Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any possible bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign
 - Consider preventive control measures (e.g. plug holes, remove potential food and drinking as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion.
 - To reduce risk of secondary poisoning, search for and remove dead rodents during treatment at frequent intervals, in line with the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best practice.
 - Do not use the product as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of rodent activities [unless authorised for permanent baiting treatments].
 - Do not use the product in pulsed baiting treatments.
 - This product shall only be used indoors and in places that are not accessible to children or non-target animals.
- [Not relevant in ES]:
- Additional specific risk mitigation measures for permanent baiting:
- Permanent baiting is strictly limited to sites with a high potential for reinvasion when other methods of control have proven insufficient.
 - The permanent baiting strategy shall be periodically reviewed in the context of integrated pest management (IPM) and the assessment of the risk for re-infestation.

4.6.3 Where specific to the use, the particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment

- When placing bait points close to water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with water is avoided

4.6.4 Where specific to the use, the instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging

See section Directions for use

4.6.5 Where specific to the use, the conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage

See section Directions for use

4.7 Use description

Use 7 - Use 7 – House mice and/or brown rats – trained professionals – outdoor around buildings

Product type	PT14 - Rodenticides (Pest control)
Where relevant, an exact description of the authorised use	Not relevant for rodenticides
Target organism(s) (including development stage)	Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Adults Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Juveniles Scientific name: Mus musculus Common name: House mouse Development stage: Adults Scientific name: Mus musculus Common name: House mouse Development stage: Juveniles
Field(s) of use	Outdoor Outdoor around buildings
Application method(s)	Method: In bait boxes Detailed description: - Ready-to-use bait to be used in tamper-resistant bait stations - Covered and protected baiting points.
Application rate(s) and frequencies	Application Rate: Rats: bait boxes with 100-200 g per baiting point ; Mice: bait boxes with 60-100 g per baiting point; Burrow: 200 g of bait per burrow Dilution (%): 0 Number and timing of application: Rats: bait boxes with 100-200 g per baiting point Mice: bait boxes with 60-100 g per baiting point Burrow: 200 g of bait per burrow only inside of tamper resistant baiting stations Not relevant in ESJ: Permanent baiting

Category(ies) of users

Trained professional

Pack sizes and packaging material

Minimum pack size of 3 kg.

Number of packed bags per packaging: up to 10 kg.
Grams/kg of bait per packed bag: individual nonwoven tissue/cotton tea net sachets of 10 to 20g.
Pre-filled plastic trays of 60 and 100g
Tubes of 50 to 600 g. To apply via caulking gun.
Packaging material: Bags, Bucket. or cardboard boxes.
Material: Kraft paper, Polyethylene (PE) or polypropylene (PP) and HDPE.

4.7.1 Use-specific instructions for use

- Protect bait from the atmospheric conditions. Place the baiting points in areas not liable to flooding.
- Replace any bait in baiting points in which bait has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt.
- Remove the remaining product at the end of treatment period (except when directly applied to burrows inside of tamper resistant baiting stations).
- Baiting points must be covered and placed in strategic sites to minimise the exposure to non-target species
- Cover or block the entrances of baited burrows to reduce the risks of bait being rejected and spilled.
- Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice.

[Not relevant in ES]:

Additional specific instruction of use for permanent baiting:

- Where possible, it is recommended that the treated area is revisited every 4 weeks at the latest in order to avoid any selection of a resistant population.
- [When available] Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice.

4.7.2 Use-specific risk mitigation measures

- Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any possible bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign.
- Consider preventive control measures (plug holes, remove potential food and drinking as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion.
- To reduce risk of secondary poisoning, search for and remove dead rodents during treatment at frequent intervals, in line with the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best practice.
- Do not use this product as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of rodent activities [unless authorised for permanent baiting treatments].
- Do not use this product in pulsed baiting treatments.
- Do not apply this product directly in the burrows.

[Not relevant in ES]:

Additional specific risk mitigation measures for permanent baiting:

- Permanent baiting is strictly limited to sites with a high potential for reinvasion when other methods of control have proven insufficient.
- The permanent baiting strategy shall be periodically reviewed in the context of integrated pest management (IPM) and the assessment of the risk for re-infestation.

4.7.3 Where specific to the use, the particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment

- When placing bait points close to surface waters (e.g. rivers, ponds, water channels, dykes, irrigation ditches) or water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with water is avoided.

4.7.4 Where specific to the use, the instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging

See section Directions for use

4.7.5 Where specific to the use, the conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage

See section Directions for use

4.8 Use description

Use 8 - Use 8 – Brown Rats – trained professionals – Outdoor open areas & waste dumps

Product type	PT14 - Rodenticides (Pest control)
Where relevant, an exact description of the authorised use	Not relevant for rodenticides
Target organism(s) (including development stage)	Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Adults Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus Common name: Brown rat Development stage: Juveniles
Field(s) of use	Outdoor Outdoor open areas Outdoor waste dumps
Application method(s)	Method: In bait boxes Detailed description: - Ready-to-use bait to be used in tamper-resistant bait stations - Covered and protected baiting points.
Application rate(s) and frequencies	Application Rate: Rats: bait boxes with 100-200 g per baiting point.; Burrow: 200 g of bait per burrow Dilution (%): 0 Number and timing of application: Rats: bait boxes with 100-200 g per baiting point. Burrow: 200 g of bait per burrow only inside of tamper resistant baiting stations. Not relevant in ES]: Permanent baiting
Category(ies) of users	Trained professional

Pack sizes and packaging material

Minimum pack size of 3 kg.

Number of packed bags per packaging: up to 30 kg.

Grams/kg of bait per packed bag: individual nonwoven tissue/cotton tea net sachets of 10 to 20g.

Pre-filled plastic trays of 100g

Tubes of 50 to 600 g. To apply via caulking gun.

Packaging material: Bags, Bucket or cardboard boxes..

Material: Kraft paper, Polyethylene (PE) or polypropylene (PP) and HDPE

4.8.1 Use-specific instructions for use

- Protect bait from the atmospheric conditions. Place the bait stations in areas not liable to flooding.
 - Replace any bait in baiting points in which bait has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt.
 - Remove the remaining product at the end of treatment period (except when directly applied to burrows inside of tamper resistant baiting stations).
 - Baiting points must be covered and placed in strategic sites to minimise the exposure to non-target species.
 - Cover or block the entrances of baited burrows to reduce the risks of bait being rejected and spilled.
 - Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice.
- [Not relevant in ES]:
Additional specific instruction of use for permanent baiting:
- Where possible, it is recommended that the treated area is revisited every 4 weeks at the latest in order to avoid any selection of a resistant population.
 - [When available] Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice.

4.8.2 Use-specific risk mitigation measures

- Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any possible bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign
 - To reduce risk of secondary poisoning, search for and remove dead rodents during treatment at frequent intervals, in line with the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best practice
 - Do not use this product as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of rodent activities [unless authorised for permanent baiting treatments].
 - Do not use this product in pulsed baiting treatments.
 - Do not apply this product directly in the burrows.
- [Not relevant in ES]:
Additional specific risk mitigation measures for permanent baiting:
- Permanent baiting is strictly limited to sites with a high potential for reinvasion when other methods of control have proven insufficient.
 - The permanent baiting strategy shall be periodically reviewed in the context of integrated pest management (IPM) and the assessment of the risk for re-infestation.

4.8.3 Where specific to the use, the particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment

- When placing bait points close to surface waters (e.g. rivers, ponds, water channels, dykes, irrigation ditches) or water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with water is avoided.

4.8.4 Where specific to the use, the instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging

See section Directions for use

4.8.5 Where specific to the use, the conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage

See section Directions for use

4.9 Use description

Use 9 - Use 9 – Brown Rats – trained professionals – Sewers

Product type

PT14 - Rodenticides (Pest control)

Where relevant, an exact description of the authorised use

Not relevant for rodenticides

Target organism(s) (including development stage)

Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus
Common name: Brown rat
Development stage: Adults

Scientific name: Rattus norvegicus
Common name: Brown rat
Development stage: Juveniles

Field(s) of use

Other

Sewers

Application method(s)

Method: In bait boxes

Detailed description:

- Ready-to-use bait to be anchored or applied in bait stations preventing the bait from getting into contact with waste water.
- Covered and protected baiting points.

Application rate(s) and frequencies

Application Rate: Rats: bait boxes with 100-200 g per manhole

Dilution (%): 0

Number and timing of application:

Rats: bait boxes with 100-200 g per manhole

Category(ies) of users

Trained professional

Pack sizes and packaging material

Minimum pack size of 3 kg.

Number of packed bags per packaging: up to 30 kg.

Grams/kg of bait per packed bag: individual nonwoven tissue/cotton tea net sachets of 10 to 20g.

Pre-filled plastic trays of 100g

Tubes of 50 to 600 g. To apply via caulking gun.

Packaging material: Bags, Bucket or cardboard boxes.

Material: Kraft paper, Polyethylene (PE) or polypropylene (PP) and HDPE

4.9.1 Use-specific instructions for use

- Baits must be applied in a way so that they do not come into contact with water and are not washed away.
- Follow any additional instructions provided by the relevant code of best practice.

4.9.2 Use-specific risk mitigation measures

- [If national policy or legislation requires it] Place baits only in sewer systems which are connected to the sewage treatment plant.
- Do not use this product in pulsed baiting treatments

4.9.3 Where specific to the use, the particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment

See section Directions for use

4.9.4 Where specific to the use, the instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging

See section Directions for use

4.9.5 Where specific to the use, the conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage

See section Directions for use

5. General directions for use

5.1. Instructions for use

General Public:

- Read and follow the product information as well as any information accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale before using it.
- Prior to the use of rodenticide products, non-chemical control methods (e.g. traps) should be considered.
- Remove food which is readily attainable for rodents (e.g. spilled grain or food waste). Apart from this, do not clean up the infested area just before the treatment, as this only disturbs the rodent population and makes bait acceptance more difficult to achieve.
- Bait stations should be placed in the immediate vicinity where rodent activity has been observed (e.g. travel paths, nesting sites, feedlots, holes, burrows etc.).
- Where possible, bait stations must be fixed to the ground or other structures.
- [Do not open the sachets containing the bait - where relevant for the bait formulation in the product].
- Place bait stations out of the reach of children, birds, pets, farm animals and other non-target animals.
- Place bait stations away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs, as well as from utensils or surfaces that have contact with these.
- Do not place bait stations near water drainage systems where they can come into contact with water.
- When using the product do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands and directly exposed skin after using the product.
- Remove the remaining bait or the bait stations at the end of the treatment period.

Professionals:

- Read and follow the product information as well as any information accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale before using it.
- Carry out a pre-baiting survey of the infested area and an on-site assessment in order to identify the rodent species, their places of activity and determine the likely cause and the extent of the infestation.
- Remove food which is readily attainable for rodents (e.g. spilled grain or food waste). Apart from this, do not clean up the infested area just before the treatment, as this only disturbs the rodent population and makes bait acceptance more difficult to achieve.
- The product should only be used as part of an integrated pest management (IPM) system, including, amongst others, hygiene measures and, where possible, physical methods of control.
- Consider preventive control measures (e.g. plug holes, remove potential food and drinking as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion.
- Bait stations should be placed in the immediate vicinity of places where rodent activity has been previously observed (e.g. travel paths, nesting sites, feedlots, holes, burrows etc.).
- Where possible, bait stations must be fixed to the ground or other structures.
- Bait stations must be clearly labelled to show they contain rodenticides and that they must not be moved or opened (see section 5.3 for the information to be shown on the label).
- When the product is being used in public areas, the areas treated should be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits.
- Bait should be secured so that it cannot be dragged away from the bait station.
- Place the product out of the reach of children, birds, pets and farm animals and other non-target animals.
- Place the product away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs, as well as from utensils or surfaces that have contact with these.
- When using the product do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands and directly exposed skin after using the product.
- If bait uptake is low relative to the apparent size of the infestation, consider the replacement of bait stations to further places and the possibility to change to another bait formulation.
- If after a treatment period of 35 days baits are continued to be consumed and no decline in rodent activity can be observed, the likely cause has to be determined. Where other elements have been excluded, it is likely that there are resistant rodents so consider the use of a non-anticoagulant rodenticide, where available, or a more potent anticoagulant rodenticide. Also consider the use of traps as an alternative control measure.
- Remove the remaining bait or the bait stations at the end of the treatment period.
- Do not open the sachets containing the bait.

Trained professionals:

- Read and follow the product information as well as any information accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale before using it.
- Carry out a pre-baiting survey of the infested area and an on-site assessment in order to identify the rodent species, their places of activity and determine the likely cause and the extent of the infestation.
- Remove food which is readily attainable for rodents (e.g. spilled grain or food waste). Apart from this, do not clean up the infested area just before the treatment, as this only disturbs the rodent population and makes bait acceptance more difficult to achieve.
- The product should only be used as part of an integrated pest management (IPM) system, including, amongst others, hygiene measures and, where possible, physical methods of control.
- The product should be placed in the immediate vicinity of places where rodent activity has been previously explored (e.g. travel paths, nesting sites, feedlots, holes, burrows etc.).
- Where possible, bait stations must be fixed to the ground or other structures.
- Bait stations must be clearly labelled to show they contain rodenticides and that they must not be moved or opened (see section 5.3 for the information to be shown on the label).
- When the product is being used in public areas, the areas treated should be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits.
- Bait should be secured so that it cannot be dragged away from the bait station.
- Place the product out of the reach of children, birds, pets and farm animals and other non-target animals.
- Place the product away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs, as well as from utensils or surfaces that have contact with these.
- Wear protective chemical resistant gloves during product handling phase (glove material to be specified by the authorisation holder within the product information).
- When using the product do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands and directly exposed skin after using the product.
- The frequency of visits to the treated area should be at the discretion of the operator, in the light of the survey conducted at the outset of the treatment. That frequency should be consistent with the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best

practice.

- If bait uptake is low relative to the apparent size of the infestation, consider the replacement of bait points to further places and the possibility to change to another bait formulation.
- If after a treatment period of 35 days baits are continued to be consumed and no decline in rodent activity can be observed, the likely cause has to be determined. Where other elements have been excluded, it is likely that there are resistant rodent so consider the use of a non-anticoagulant rodenticide, where available, or a more potent anticoagulant rodenticide. Also consider the use of traps as an alternative control measure.
- Do not open the sachets containing the bait

5.2. Risk mitigation measures

General Public:

- Consider preventive control measures (plug holes, remove potential food and drinking as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion.
- Do not use anticoagulant rodenticides as permanent baits (e.g. for prevention of rodent infestation or to detect rodent activity).
- The product information (i.e. label and/or leaflet) shall clearly show that:
- The product shall be used in adequate tamper resistant bait stations (e.g. "use in tamper resistant bait stations only").
- Users shall properly label bait stations with the information referred to in section 5.3 of the SPC (e.g. "label bait stations according to the product recommendations").
- Using this product should eliminate rodents within 35 days. The product information (i.e. label and/or leaflet) shall clearly recommend that in case of suspected lack of efficacy by the end of the treatment (i.e. rodent activity is still observed), the user should seek advice from the product supplier or call a pest control service.
- Search for and remove dead rodents during treatment, at least as often as bait stations are inspected.
- Dispose dead rodents in accordance with local requirements [The method of disposal shall be described specifically in the national SPC and be reflected on the product label].

Professionals:

- Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any possible bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign
- To reduce risk of secondary poisoning, search for and remove dead rodents at frequent intervals during treatment (e.g. at least twice a week).
- Products shall not be used beyond 35 days without an evaluation of the state of the infestation and of the efficacy of the treatment.
- Do not use baits containing anticoagulant active substances as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of rodent activities.
- The product information (i.e. label and/or leaflet) shall clearly show that:
the product shall not be supplied to the general public (e.g. "for professionals only").
the product shall be used in adequate tamper resistant bait stations (e.g. "use in tamper resistant bait stations only").
users shall properly label bait stations with the information referred to in section 5.3 of the SPC (e.g. label bait stations according to the product recommendations").
- Using this product should eliminate rodents within 35 days. The product information (i.e. label and/or leaflet) shall clearly recommend that in case of suspected lack of efficacy by the end of the treatment (i.e. rodent activity is still observed), the user should seek advice from the product supplier or call a pest control service
- Do not wash the bait stations with water between applications.
- Dispose dead rodents in accordance with local requirements [The method of disposal shall be described specifically in the national SPC and be reflected on the product label]

Trained Professionals:

- Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any possible bystanders about the rodent control campaign
- The product information (i.e. label and/or leaflet) shall clearly show that the product shall only be supplied to trained professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with the applicable training requirements (e.g. "for trained professionals only").
- Do not use in areas where resistance to the active substance can be suspected.
- Products shall not be used beyond 35 days without an evaluation of the state of the infestation and of the efficacy of the treatment
- Do not rotate the use of different anticoagulants with comparable or weaker potency for resistance management purposes. For rotational use, consider using a non-anticoagulant rodenticide, if available, or a more potent anticoagulant.
- Do not wash the bait stations or utensils used in covered and protected bait points with water between applications.
- Dispose dead rodents in accordance with local requirements [The method of disposal shall be described specifically in the national SPC and be reflected on the product label].

5.3. Particulars of likely direct or indirect effects, first aid instructions and emergency measures to protect the environment

- This product contains an anticoagulant substance. If ingested, symptoms, which may be delayed, may include nosebleed and bleeding gums. In severe cases, there may be bruising and blood present in the faeces or urine.
- Antidote: Vitamin K1 administered by medical/veterinary personnel only.
- In case of:
 - Dermal exposure, wash skin with water and then with water and soap.
 - Eye exposure, always check for and remove contact lenses, rinse eyes with eyes-rinse liquid or water, keep eyes lids open at least 10 minutes.
 - Oral exposure, rinse mouth carefully with water. Never give anything by mouth to unconscious person. Do not provoke vomiting. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the product's container or label [insert country specific information]. Contact a veterinary surgeon in case of ingestion by a pet [insert country specific information]
- Bait stations must be labelled with the following information: "do not move or open"; "contains a rodenticide"; "product name or authorisation number"; "active substance(s)" and "in case of incident, call a poison centre [insert national phone number]"
- Hazardous to wildlife.

5.4. Instructions for safe disposal of the product and its packaging

- At the end of the treatment, dispose uneaten bait and the packaging in accordance with local requirements [The method of disposal shall be described specifically in the national SPC and be reflected on the product label].
- Use of gloves is recommended.

5.5. Conditions of storage and shelf-life of the product under normal conditions of storage

- Store in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Keep the container closed and away from direct sunlight.
- Store in places prevented from the access of children, birds, pets and farm animals.
- Shelf life: two years

6. Other information

- Because of their delayed mode of action, anticoagulant rodenticides take from 4 to 10 days to be effective after consumption of the bait.
 - Rodents can be disease carriers. Do not touch dead rodents with bare hands, use gloves or use tools such as tongs when disposing them.
 - This product contains a bittering agent and a dye.
- Post-authorisation requirements:
- Long-term stability test within 2 years.