



## **Justification for removing a substance from CoRAP prior to evaluation**

<b>Substance Name (public name):</b>	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether
<b>EC Number:</b>	200-076-7
<b>CAS Number:</b>	51-03-6
<b>Authority:</b>	Swedish Chemicals Agency
<b>Date:</b>	19/03/2019

**The priority for evaluating the substance has been reconsidered based on:**

<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>The initial hazard ground of concern has been verified and considered of low priority</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Indicate the initial hazard ground of concern (e.g. suspected CMR, ED, PBT, as presented in chapter 5.3 of the CoRAP justification document)</i></li> <li>• <i>Provide the reasons for reconsidering their relevance.</i></li> </ul>

<input type="checkbox"/>	<b>The initial exposure/risk ground of concern has been verified and considered of low priority</b>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Indicate the initial exposure/risk ground of concern (e.g. wide dispersive use, consumer use, high RCR, as presented in chapter 5.3 of the CoRAP justification document)</i></li> <li>• <i>Provide the reasons for reconsidering their relevance.</i></li> </ul>

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<b>The generation of information under Substance Evaluation is considered of low priority because</b>
	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Already ongoing or implemented regulatory risk management process(es)</p> <p><i>Greece concluded in their evaluation under the biocides legislation that Piperonyl butoxide (PBO) did not meet the conditions of the interim provisions of Art. 5 of the BPR (Regulation (EU) 528/2012) concerning endocrine disrupting properties in relation to human health and PBO has been given a 10-year approval from 1 July 2018. However, they also pointed out that further information to assess the potential for endocrine disruption of PBO may be required when EU harmonised guidelines are established for test methods and risk assessment.</i></p> <p><i>We still believe that further studies may be required to safely conclude on the ED-properties of PBO. However, considering that the main use of PBO is as a biocide and that the ED-criteria for biocides have been adopted recently, the further evaluation of the potential ED-properties of PBO could be handled in the renewal process under the biocides regulation.</i></p>
	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Registrants' (voluntary) action addresses concern</p> <p><i>Specify</i></p>
	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Other:</p> <p><i>Specify</i></p>