Justification for the selection of a candidate CoRAP substance

Reaction mass of mixed

Substance Name (Public Name): (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctyl)

phosphates, ammonium salt

Chemical Group:

EC Number: 700-161-3

CAS Number: to be determined

Submitted by: NL-CA

Published: 20/03/2013

NOTE

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

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1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE

1.1 Name and other identifiers of the substance

Table 1: Substance identity

Public Name:	Reaction mass of mixed (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctyl) phosphates, ammonium salt				
EC number:	700-161-3				
EC name:	-				
CAS number (in the EC inventory):	-				
CAS number:	To be determined				
CAS name:	-				
IUPAC name:					
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	-				
Molecular formula:	This is a multi-constituent substance. No molecular formula is available.				
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	This is a multi-constituent substance. No molecular weight range is available.				
Synonyms:					
Type of substance	t 🛮 Multi-constituent 🔲 UVCB				
Structural formula:					
N.A.					

2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

None

2.2 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

None

2.3 Self classification

CLP criteria:

Acute Tox. 1, H330: Fatal if inhaled.

STOT Single Exp. 3, H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT Rep. Exp. 2, H373: May cause damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. M-factor = 10

CLP criteria:

T+; R26 Very toxic; Very toxic by inhalation.

Xn; R48/22 Harmful; Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.

N; R51/53 Dangerous for the environment; Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Remarks C&L: C&L is based on reference substance, but the toxicity information is

gathered on the product as sold.

Other Remarks: Read across is applied.

3 JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE CORAP SUBSTANCE

3.1 Legal basis for the proposal

⊠ Ar	ticle 44(1) (ref	ined priorit	isation	criteria	for su	ubstance	e evalua	ition)
☐ Ar	ticle 45(5) (Me	mber State	priorit	(y)				

3.2 Grounds for concern

☐ (Suspected) CMR	☐ Wide dispersive use	☐ Cumulative exposure
☐ (Suspected) Sensitiser	☐ Consumer use	☐ High RCR
☐ (Suspected) PBT/vPvB	\square Exposure of sensitive populations	☐ Aggregated tonnage
☐ Suspected endocrine disruptor	\square Other (provide further details below)	

Biodegradation in water

Screening: Read across of one substance to registered substance. The registrant concludes that registered substance is not Ready Biodegradable based on the results of an inherent biodegradation test conducted on read across substance. The inherent biodegradation test showed that the read across substance undergoes primary biodegradation but is not ultimately biodegradable. The formation of fluorinated degradation products, which are expected to be long-lived, was also observed during the study.

Stability: The read across substance was hydrolytically stable (half-life > 1 year) at environmentally relevant pHs. Accordingly, due to the same phosphate functionality, registered substance would also be expected to be hydrolytically stable.

Bioaccumulation

Experimental Log Kow values are as follows: mono species: -1.37, bis species: 0.35 and pyro species: 0.20. No test data on bioaccumulation are available. Perfluorinated UVCB compound with concern based on lack of information on its bioaccumulation properties. Bioaccumulation study is not normally required at this tonnage level (10-100 tpa). Missing information is linked to incomplete PBT and vPvB assessment of the substance. The request seems reasonable given that other PFOS and other PFOS related substances are considered PBT substances.

Toxicity

<u>Fish</u>

Short term: Pimephales promelas, LC_{50} , (96-h) >120 mg/L; Long-term: (Read-across applied to registered substance) NOEC (90-d) 2.5 mg/L.

<u>Aquatic invertebrates</u>

Short-term: Daphnia magna EC₅₀ (48-h) 6.2 mg/L (based on nominal concentrations and

immobility)

Long-term: Daphnia magna NOEC (21-d) 0.409 mg/L (mean measured based on

immobilization).

Algae

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72-h ErC₅₀ was >120 mg/L and NOEC of 120 mg/L.

3.3 Information on aggregated tonnage and uses							
☐ 1 - 10 tpa	☐ 10 - 100 tpa		☐ 100 - 1000 tpa				
☐ 1000 - 10,000 tpa	☐ 10,000	- 100	,000 tpa		<u> </u>		
☐ 100,000 - 1000,000 f	tpa	□ > 1000	,000 t _l	oa			
☐ Confidential							
☐ Industrial use	☐ Profe	essional use		☐ Consumer use ☐ Closed System			
No data	·						
3.4 Other completed/ongoing regulatory processes that may affect suitability for substance evaluation							
☐ Compliance check fina	al			☐ Dangerous su	bstances	Directive 67/548/EEC	
☐ Testing proposal				☐ Existing Subs	tances Re	gulation 793/93/EEC	
☐ Annex VI (CLP)				☐ Plant Protection Products Regulation 91/414/EEC			
☐ Annex XV (SVHC)				☐ Biocidal Products Directive 98/8/EEC			
☐ Annex XIV (Authorisa	tion)			☐ Other (provide further details below)			
☐ Annex XVII (Restriction	on)						
No data							
3.5 Information to be requested to clarify the suspected risk							
☐ Information on toxicological properties				☐ Information on physico-chemical properties			
$oxedsymbol{oxed}$ Information on fate a	nd behavio	our		☐ Information on exposure			
☐ Information on ecotoxicological properties				☐ Information on uses			
☐ Other (provide further details below)							
Additional information on persistence of the degradation products may be requested, depending on the outcome of the persistence evaluation.							
Bioaccumulation study. The request seems reasonable given that other PFOS and other PFOS related substances are considered PBT substances.							
Additional information on chronic toxicity may be requested, depending on the outcome of the evaluation of the read-across arguments on toxicity.							
3.6 Potential follow-up and link to risk management							
☐ Restriction ☐ Harmonised C&L ☐ Aut				uthorisation	☐ Other (provide further details)		
If confirmed to be a PBT/vPvB substance, identification as SVHC.							

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