



Helsinki, 13 December 2019

Addressee

Registrant of Tall oil maleated __ EC 268-859 listed in the last Appendix of this decision

Date of submission for the jointly submitted dossier subject of this decision 11/04/2018

Registered substance subject to this decision, hereafter 'the Substance'

Substance name: Tall oil, maleated

EC number: 268-859-6 CAS number: 68152-93-2

Decision number: [Please refer to the REACH-IT message which delivered this

communication (in format CCH-D-XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX/D)]

DECISION ON A COMPLIANCE CHECK

Based on Article 41 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), ECHA requests that you submit the information listed below by the deadline of **20 December 2021**.

A. Requirements applicable to all the Registrants subject to Annex IX of REACH

- 1. Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day), oral route (Annex IX, Section 8.6.2.; test method OECD TG 408) in rats with the Substance
- 2. Pre-natal developmental toxicity study (Annex IX, Section 8.7.2.; test method OECD TG 414) in a first species (rat or rabbit), oral route with the Substance

Conditions to comply with the requested information

You are bound by the requests for information applicable to your own registered tonnage of the Substance at the time of evaluation.

The Appendix A states the reasons for the requests for information.

The test material used to perform the required studies must be selected and reported in accordance with the specifications prescribed in the Appendix entitled Observations and technical guidance.

You must submit the information requested in this decision by the deadline indicated above in an updated registration dossier and also update the chemical safety report, where relevant, including any changes to classification and labelling, based on the newly generated information.

CONFIDENTIAL 2 (8)



Appeal

This decision can be appealed to the Board of Appeal of ECHA within three months of its notification. An appeal, together with the grounds thereof, has to be submitted to ECHA in writing. An appeal has suspensive effect and is subject to a fee. Further details are described under: http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/appeals.

Approved¹ under the authority of Christel Schillinger-Musset, Director of Hazard Assessment

¹ As this is an electronic document, it is not physically signed. This communication has been approved according to ECHA's internal decision-approval process.

CONFIDENTIAL 3 (8)



Appendix A: Reasons for the requests to comply with Annex IX of REACH

In accordance with Articles 10(a) and 12(1) of the REACH Regulation, a technical dossier registered at 100 to 1000 tonnes or more per year must contain, as a minimum, the information specified in Annexes VII-IX to the REACH Regulation.

1. Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day), oral route (Annex IX, Section 8.6.2.)

A Sub-chronic toxicity study (90 day) is a standard information requirement under Annex IX to REACH.

You have provided:

- a "combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test" (OECD TG 422) from 2018, and
- a statement: "A subchronic oral toxicity study is not required as the substance was assessed in an OECD 422 study in males for 35 days and females >51 days, without adverse effects seen. Furthermore, exposure to the substance in use is very limited"

To be considered compliant and enable concluding whether the Substance has dangerous properties and supports the determination of the No-Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL), a study has to meet the requirements of OECD TG 408. The key parameters of this test guideline include, among others, dosing of the Substance daily for a period of 90 days until the scheduled termination of the study.

The study you have provided does not have the required exposure duration of 90 days as required in OECD TG 408, because you indicated an exposure duration of 35 days for males and >51 days for females.

In addition, opportunities for adaptation of the required Sub-chronic toxicity study (90 day) are set out in Annex IX, Section 8.6.2., column 2 and Annex XI of the REACH Regulation. However, the statement you provided does not meet any of the conditions of these provisions.

Based on the above, the information you provided do not fulfil the information requirement.

Following the criteria provided in Annex IX, Section 8.6.2, Column 2, the oral route is the most appropriate route of administration to investigate repeated dose toxicity. As the substance is a liquid the sub-chronic toxicity study must be performed according to the OECD TG 408, in rats and with oral administration of the Substance, because although the information indicate that human exposure to the Substance by the inhalation route is likely, potential inhalation-specific effects are already addressed by performing a qualitative assessment for inhalation, local effects.

2. Pre-natal developmental toxicity study (Annex IX, Section 8.7.2.) in a first species

A Pre-natal developmental toxicity (PNDT) study (OECD TG 414) in one species is a standard information requirement under Annex IX to REACH.

You have provided:

- a "combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test" (OECD TG 422) from 2018, and
- a statement: "The substance was shown not to have effects on fertility and

CONFIDENTIAL 4(8)



developmental toxicity in an OEC 422 study and thus further studies investigating developmental toxicity according to OECD 414 are not required at this tonnage band".

In order to be considered compliant and enable assessing if the Substance is a developmental toxicant, information provided has to meet the requirements of OECD TG 414 on a first species, as required in column 1 of Annex IX, Section 8.7.2.

You have not provided a PNDT study performed according to OECD TG 414.

The OECD TG 422 study that you have provided is not equivalent to an OECD TG 414 as it does not investigate structural malformations and variations as required in the PNDT study.

In addition, opportunities for adaptation of the required PNDT study are set out in Annex IX, Section 8.6.2., column 2 and Annex XI of the REACH Regulation. However, the statement you provided does not meet any of the conditions of these provisions.

Therefore, the information provided does not fulfil the information requirement.

A PNDT study according to the test method OECD TG 414 should be performed in rat or rabbit as preferred species with $oral^2$ administration of the Substance.

² ECHA Guidance R.7a, Section R.7.6.2.3.2.

CONFIDENTIAL 5 (8)



Appendix B: Procedural history

For the purpose of the decision-making, this decision does not take into account any updates of registration dossiers after the date on which you were notified the draft decision according to Article 50(1) of the REACH Regulation.

The compliance check was initiated on 21 February 2019.

ECHA notified you of the draft decision and invited you to provide comments within 30 days of the notification.

ECHA did not receive any comments within the 30-day notification period.

ECHA notified the draft decision to the competent authorities of the Member States for proposals for amendment.

As no amendments were proposed, ECHA adopted the decision under Article 51(3) of REACH.



Appendix C: Observations and technical guidance

- This compliance check decision does not prevent ECHA from initiating further compliance checks at a later stage on the registrations present.
- **2.** Failure to comply with the requests in this decision, or to otherwise fulfil the information requirements with a valid and documented adaptation, will result in a notification to the enforcement authorities of the Member States.
- 3. Test guidelines, GLP requirements and reporting
 Under Article 13(3) of REACH, all new data generated as a result of this decision needs
 to be conducted according to the test methods laid down in a European Commission
 Regulation or according to international test methods recognised by the Commission or
 ECHA as being appropriate.

Under Article 13(4) of REACH ecotoxicological and toxicological tests and analyses shall be carried out according to the GLP principles (Directive 2004/10/EC) or other international standards recognised by the Commission or ECHA.

Under Article 10 (a) (vi) and (vii) of REACH, all new data generated as a result of this decision must be reported as study summaries, or as robust study summaries, if required under Annex I of REACH. See ECHA Practical Guide: 'How to report robust study summaries³'.

4. Test material

Selection of the test material(s) for UVCB substances

While selecting the test material you must take into account the impact of each constituent/impurity is known to have or could have on the test results for the endpoint to be assessed. For example, if a constituent/impurity of the Substance is known to have an impact on (eco)toxicity, the selected test material must contain that constituent/ impurity. Any constituents that have harmonised classification and labelling according to the CLP Regulation (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008) must be identified and quantified using the appropriate analytical methods.

The OECD Series on Principles of Good Laboratory Practice and Compliance Monitoring, Number 11 [ENV/MC/CHEM(98)16] requires a careful identification of the test material and description of its characteristics. In addition, the Test Methods Regulation (EU) 440/2008, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2016/266, requires that "if the test method is used for the testing of a [...] UVCB [...] sufficient information on its composition should be made available, as far as possible, e.g. by the chemical identity of its constituents, their quantitative occurrence, and relevant properties of the constituents".

In order to meet this requirement, all the constituents of the test material used for each test must be identified as far as possible. For each constituent the concentration value in the test material must be reported in the Test material section of the endpoint study record.

Technical reporting of the test material for UVCB substances

The composition of the selected test material must be reported in the respective endpoint study record, under the Test material section. The composition must include

³ https://echa.europa.eu/practical-guides

CONFIDENTIAL 7 (8)



all constituents of the test material and their concentration values. Without such detailed reporting, ECHA may not be able to confirm that the test material is relevant for the Substance and to all the registrants of the Substance.

Technical instructions are available in the manual "How to prepare registration and PPORD dossiers" on the ECHA website⁴.

5. List of references of the ECHA Guidance documents⁵

Evaluation of available information

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.4 (version 1.1., December 2011), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.4 in this decision.

QSARs, read-across and grouping

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.6 (version 1.0, May 2008), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.6 in this decision.

ECHA Read-across assessment framework (RAAF, March 2017)6

Physical-chemical properties

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7a (version 6.0, July 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7a in this decision.

Toxicology

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7a (version 6.0, July 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7a in this decision.

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7c (version 3.0, June 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7c in this decision.

Environmental toxicology and fate

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7a (version 6.0, July 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7a in this decision.

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7b (version 4.0, June 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7b in this decision.

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7c (version 3.0, June 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7c in this decision.

PBT assessment

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.11 (version 3.0, June 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.11 in this decision.

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.16 (version 3.0, February 2016), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.16 in this decision.

⁴ https://echa.europa.eu/manuals

⁵ https://echa.europa.eu/guidance-documents/guidance-on-reach

⁶ https://echa.europa.eu/support/registration/how-to-avoid-unnecessary-testing-on-animals/grouping-of-substances-and-read-across





Appendix D: List of the registrants to which the decision is addressed and the corresponding information requirements applicable to them

Registrant Name	Registration number	(Highest) Data requirements to be fufilled