Justification for the selection of a substance for CoRAP inclusion

Substance Name (Public Name):	Shale Oil Bitumen
Chemical Group:	-
EC Number:	447-780-2
CAS Number:	NS
Submitted by:	Health Board, Estonia
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Note

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

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1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE

1.1 Other identifiers of the substance

Table 1: Substance identity

EC name:	Shale Oil Bitumen	
EC number:	447-780-2	
IUPAC name:	Not assigned	
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	-	
Molecular formula:	Not specified	
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	Not specified	
Synonyms/Trade names:	Shale Oil Bitumen PB	
Type of substance Mono-constitue	nt 🗌 Multi-constituent 🛛 UVCB	

Structural formula: Not specified

1.2 Similar substances/grouping possibilities

EC name:	Shale oil pitch
EC number:	447-790-7
IUPAC name:	Shale oil pitch
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	-
Molecular formula:	-
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	-
Synonyms/Trade names:	Shale Oil Pitch

Structural formula: -

EC name:	Asphalt, oxidized
EC number:	265-196-4
IUPAC name:	Asphalt, oxidized
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	-
Molecular formula:	-
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	-
Synonyms/Trade names:	Bitumen petroleum viscous

EC name:	Asphalt
EC number:	232-490-9
IUPAC name:	Asphalt
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	-
Molecular formula:	-
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	-
Synonyms/Trade names:	-

Structural formula: -

2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

Not listed.

2.2 Self classification

The registration data includes the following self-classification:

According to CLP criteria:

- Skin Sens. 1; H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Aquatic Chronic 4; H413: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
- STOT Rep. Exp. 2; H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Affected organs: liver Route of exposure: oral

According to DSD criteria:

- Xn; R48/22 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed
- R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact
- R53 May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment
- The following hazard classes are in addition notified among the aggregated self classifications in the C&L Inventory: No other given.

2.3 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

None.

3 INFORMATION ON AGGREGATED TONNAGE AND USES

From ECHA dissemination site					
🗌 1 – 10 tpa		🗌 10 – 100 tpa		☐ 100 – 1000 tpa	
🗌 1000 – 10,000 tpa		☐ 10,000 - 100,	000 tpa	☐ 100,000 – 1,000,000 tpa	
1,000,000 - 10,000,000) tpa	□ 10,000,000 -	100,000,000 tpa	□ > 100,000,000 tpa	
<1	tpa (e.g	J. 10+ ; 100+ ; 1	0,000+ tpa)	🛛 Conf	dential
The registration is as a NONS. Tonnage is confidential.					
☐ Industrial use ☐ Professional use ☐ Consumer use ☐ Closed System					Closed System
No uses are disseminated.					

4 JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE CORAP SUBSTANCE

4.1 Legal basis for the proposal

Article 44(2) (refined prioritisation criteria for substance evaluation)

 \boxtimes Article 45(5) (Member State priority)

4.2 Selection criteria met (why the substance qualifies for being in CoRAP)

⊠ Fulfils criteria as CMR/ Suspected CMR

Fulfils criteria as Sensitiser/ Suspected sensitiser

Fulfils criteria as potential endocrine disrupter

Fulfils criteria as PBT/vPvB / Suspected PBT/vPvB

Fulfils criteria high (aggregated) tonnage (*tpa > 1000*)

Fulfils exposure criteria

 \boxtimes Fulfils MS's (national) priorities

4.3 Initial grounds for concern to be clarified under Substance Evaluation

Hazard based concerns			
$\begin{array}{c} CMR & Suspected CMR^1 \\ \Box C \Box M \Box R & \Box C \Box M \Box R \end{array}$		Potential endocrine disruptor	
Sensitiser	□ Sensitiser □ Suspected Sensitiser ¹		
PBT/vPvB	Suspected PBT/vPvB ¹	Other (please specify below)	
Exposure/risk based concerns			
Wide dispersive use Consumer use		Exposure of sensitive populations	
Exposure of environment Exposure of workers		Cumulative exposure	
High RCR High (aggregated) tonnage		Other (please specify below)	

The substance was previously notified under Directive 67/548/EEC as a new substance. The request to the notifier to provide further information was submitted in accordance with Article 16(1) of Directive 67/548/EEC. The new information was provided as a read-across from asphalt/oxidised asphalt studies. However, with the submitted new data some concerns still remain which need to be clarified.

Summary of concerns:

- Carcinogenicity: read-across from asphalt fume to Shale Oil Bitumen is not sufficiently justified.
- Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproductive/developmental toxicity screening test for roofing asphalt fume condensate (read-across to Shale Oil Bitumen) is not sufficient to provide evidence for definite claims of no reproduction/developmental effects. Further information is needed for reproductive and developmental toxicity endpoint.
- The substance may satisfy PBT criteria. No experimental data on bioaccumulation is available since the substance is a complex mixture of a number of different compounds which are not chemically well defined (UVCB). Taking into account the P_{ow} value and predicted BCF value the substance may have bioaccumulation potential.
- More detailed description of the manufacturing process and uses could give more information for better risk characterisation and exposure estimation. Concerns about worker and environmental exposure.

Further action is required in order to identify whether the substance constitutes a risk to human health or the environment - investigate the appropriateness of a read-across approach from similar substances that are registered in REACH, identify specific information to clarify the concerns identified above and potential exposure to environment and workers.

<u>CMR/Sensitiser</u>: known carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/known sensitising properties (according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification or CLP Inventory) <u>Suspected CMR/Suspected sensitiser</u>: suspected carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic

properties/suspected sensitising properties (not classified according to CLP harmonized or registrant selfclassification)

<u>Suspected PBT</u>: Potentially Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

4.4 Other completed/ongoing regulatory processes that may affect suitability for substance evaluation

Compliance check, Final decision	Dangerous substances Directive 67/548/EEC	
Testing proposal	Existing Substances Regulation 793/93/EEC	
Annex VI (CLP)	Plant Protection Products Regulation 91/414/EEC	
Annex XV (SVHC)	Biocidal Products Directive 98/8/EEC ; Biocidal Product Regulation (Regulation (EU) 528/2012)	
Annex XIV (Authorisation)	Other (provide further details below)	
Annex XVII (Restriction)		
Notified substance. Confidentiality under Directive 67/548/EEC not yet expired.		

4.5 Preliminary indication of information that may need to be requested to clarify the concern

Information on toxicological properties	☐ Information on physico-chemical properties		
Information on fate and behaviour	Information on exposure		
☐ Information on ecotoxicological properties	Information on uses		
□ Information ED potential			
More detailed justification for read-across application has to be provided. The bioaccumulation potential of the substance needs to be revised.			

Clarification of risks might be obtained by better information on exposure potential.

4.6 Potential follow-up and link to risk management

Harmonised C&L	Restriction	Authorisation	Other (provide further details)