Helsinki, 23 May 2024

Addressee(s)
Registrants of Pentaerythritol as listed in the last Appendix of this decision

Date of submission of the dossier subject to this decision
08 November 2023

Registered substance subject to this decision (“the Substance”)
Substance name: Pentaerythritol
EC number: 204-104-9

Decision number: Please refer to the REACH-IT message which delivered this communication (in format TPE-D-XXXXXXXXXX-XX-XX/F)

DECISION ON TESTING PROPOSAL(S)

Under Article 40 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), you must submit the information listed below by 28 August 2026.

Requested information must be generated using the Substance unless otherwise specified.

Information required from all the Registrants subject to Annex IX of REACH

1. Long-term toxicity testing on aquatic invertebrates (Annex IX, Section 9.1.5.; test method: EU C.20./OECD TG 211).
2. Long-term toxicity testing on fish (Annex IX, Section 9.1.6.; test method: EU C.47./OECD TG 210).

The reasons for the decision(s) are explained in Appendix 1.

Information required depends on your tonnage band

You must provide the information listed above for all REACH Annexes applicable to you in accordance with Articles 10(a) and 12(1) of REACH. The addressees of the decision and their corresponding information requirements based on registered tonnage band are listed in Appendix 3.

You are only required to share the costs of information that you must submit to fulfil your information requirements.

How to comply with your information requirements

To comply with your information requirements, you must submit the information requested by this decision in an updated registration dossier by the deadline indicated above. You must also update the chemical safety report, where relevant, including any changes to classification and labelling, based on the newly generated information.

You must follow the general requirements for testing and reporting new tests under REACH, see Appendix 4.
Appeal

This decision, when adopted under Article 51 of REACH, may be appealed to the Board of Appeal of ECHA within three months of its notification to you. Please refer to http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/appeals for further information.

Failure to comply

If you do not comply with the information required by this decision by the deadline indicated above, ECHA will notify the enforcement authorities of your Member State.

Authorised\(^1\) under the authority of Mike Rasenberg, Director of Hazard Assessment

Appendix 1: Reasons for the decision
Appendix 2: Procedure
Appendix 3: Addressees of the decision and their individual information requirements
Appendix 4: Conducting and reporting new tests under REACH

\(^1\) As this is an electronic document, it is not physically signed. This communication has been approved according to ECHA's internal decision-approval process.
Appendix 1: Reasons for the request(s)

Contents

Reasons related to the information under Annex IX of REACH ......................... 4
1. Long-term toxicity to aquatic invertebrates .................................................. 4
2. Long-term toxicity testing on fish ................................................................. 5

References ........................................................................................................... 6
Reasons related to the information under Annex IX of REACH

1. Long-term toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

1 Long-term toxicity testing on aquatic invertebrates is an information requirement under Annex IX to REACH (Section 9.1.5.).

1.1. Information provided

2 You have submitted a testing proposal for a Daphnia magna reproduction test according to OECD TG 211 with the Substance.

3 With a view to long-term toxicity testing on aquatic invertebrates, you have also provided, as supportive study:
   (i) an OECD TG 202, Part 2 study (1993) with the Substance.

4 ECHA requested your considerations for alternative methods to fulfil the information requirement for long-term toxicity on aquatic invertebrates. You provided your considerations concluding that there were no alternative methods which could be used to adapt the information requirement(s) for which testing is proposed.

5 More specifically with reference to study (i) you conclude:

6 ‘However, all the validity criteria according to the OECD 211 (2012) have not been fulfilled and the study is considered to be reliable with restrictions, thus it can be used as a supportive study. Furthermore, Pentaerythritol is REACH registration. To comply with the standard REACH regulation, further data generation has been proposed for daphnia chronic toxicity endpoints in order to assess aquatic toxicity.’

7 ECHA has taken these considerations into account.

1.2. Assessment of the information provided

1.2.1. The provided study does not meet the specifications of the test guideline

8 To fulfil the information requirement, a study must comply with the OECD TG 211 (Article 13(3) of REACH). Therefore, the following specification must be met:

Validity criteria
   a) the mean number of living offspring produced per surviving parent animal in the control is ≥ 60 at the end of the test;

Characterisation of exposure
   b) analytical monitoring must be conducted. A reliable analytical method for the quantification of the test material in the test solutions with reported specificity, recovery efficiency, precision, limits of determination (i.e. detection and quantification) and working range must be available.

9 In study (i):

Validity criteria
   a) the reported mean offspring production per female in the control was 55.10;

Characterisation of exposure
   b) no analytical monitoring of exposure was conducted.
On this basis, ECHA agrees with your conclusion that the specification(s) of OECD TG 211, and in particular that the validity criteria, are not met.

Therefore, the information requirement is not fulfilled and an appropriate study on long-term toxicity on aquatic invertebrates is needed.

1.3. Study design

The proposed Daphnia magna reproduction test (test method: EU C.20/OECD TG 211) is appropriate to cover the information requirement for long-term toxicity on aquatic invertebrates (Guidance on IRs and CSA, Section R.7.8.4.1.).

1.4. Outcome

Your testing proposal is accepted under Article 40(3)(a) and you are requested to conduct the test, as specified above.

2. Long-term toxicity testing on fish

Long-term toxicity testing on fish is an information requirement under Annex IX to REACH (Section 9.1.6.).

2.1. Information provided

You have submitted a testing proposal for a Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test according to OECD TG 210 with the Substance.

Your registration dossier does not include any information on long-term toxicity on fish.

ECHA requested your considerations for alternative methods to fulfil the information requirement for long-term toxicity on fish. You provided your considerations concluding that there were no alternative methods which could be used to adapt the information requirement(s) for which testing is proposed. ECHA has taken these considerations into account.

ECHA agrees that an appropriate study on long-term toxicity on fish is needed.

2.2. Study design

The proposed Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test (test method: OECD TG 210) is appropriate to cover the information requirement for long-term toxicity on fish (Guidance on IRs and CSA, Section R.7.8.4.1.).

2.3. Outcome

Your testing proposal is accepted under Article 40(3)(a) and you are requested to conduct the test, as specified above.
References

The following documents may have been cited in the decision.

**Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment (Guidance on IRs & CSA)**
- Chapter R.6 QSARs, read-across and grouping; ECHA (2008).
  Appendix to Chapter R.6 for nanoforms; ECHA (2019).
- Chapter R.7a Endpoint specific guidance, Sections R.7.1 – R.7.7; ECHA (2017).
  Appendix to Chapter R.7a for nanomaterials; ECHA (2017).
- Chapter R.7b Endpoint specific guidance, Sections R.7.8 – R.7.9; ECHA (2017).
  Appendix to Chapter R.7b for nanomaterials; ECHA (2017).
- Chapter R.7c Endpoint specific guidance, Sections R.7.10 – R.7.13; (ECHA 2017).
  Appendix to Chapter R.7a for nanomaterials; ECHA (2017).
- Chapter R.16 Environmental exposure assessment; ECHA (2016).


**Guidance for monomers and polymers;** ECHA (2023).

**Guidance on intermediates;** ECHA (2010).


**Read-across assessment framework (RAAF)**
- RAAF, 2017 Read-across assessment framework (RAAF), ECHA (2017)


**OECD Guidance documents (OECD GDs)**
- OECD GD 23 Guidance document on aquatic toxicity testing of difficult substances and mixtures; No. 23 in the OECD series on testing and assessment, OECD (2019).
- OECD GD 29 Guidance document on transformation/dissolution of metals and metal compounds in aqueous media; No. 29 in the OECD series on testing and assessment, OECD (2002).
Appendix 2: Procedure

ECHA started the testing proposal evaluation in accordance with Article 40(1) on 30 March 2023.

ECHA held a third party consultation for the testing proposal(s) from 3 May 2023 until 19 June 2023. ECHA did not receive information from third parties.

ECHA followed the procedure detailed in Articles 50 and 51 of REACH.

ECHA notified you of the draft decision and invited you to provide comments.

ECHA did not receive any comments within the commenting period.

The deadline of the decision is set based on standard practice for carrying out OECD TG tests. It has been exceptionally extended by 12 months from the standard deadline granted by ECHA to take into account currently longer lead times in contract research organisations.

ECHA notified the draft decision to the competent authorities of the Member States for proposals for amendment.

As no amendments were proposed, ECHA adopted the decision under Article 51(3) of REACH.
Appendix 3: Addressees of this decision and their corresponding information requirements

In accordance with Articles 10(a) and 12(1) of REACH, the information requirements for individual registrations are defined as follows, with the corresponding requests in this decision provided within parenthesis:

- the information specified in Annexes VII, VIII and IX to REACH, for registration at 100-1000 tpa;
- the information specified in Annexes VII to X to REACH, for registration at more than 1000 tpa.

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Where applicable, the name of a third party representative (TPR) may be displayed in the list of recipients whereas ECHA will send the decision to the actual registrant.
Appendix 4: Conducting and reporting new tests for REACH purposes

1. Requirements when conducting and reporting new tests for REACH purposes

1.1 Test methods, GLP requirements and reporting

(1) Under Article 13(3) of REACH, all new data generated as a result of this decision must be conducted according to the test methods laid down in a European Commission Regulation or to international test methods recognised by the Commission or ECHA as being appropriate.

(2) Under Article 13(4) of REACH, ecotoxicological and toxicological tests and analyses must be carried out according to the GLP principles (Directive 2004/10/EC) or other international standards recognised by the Commission or ECHA.

(3) Under Article 10(a)(vi) and (vii) of REACH, all new data generated as a result of this decision must be reported as study summaries, or as robust study summaries, if required under Annex I of REACH. See ECHA Practical Guide on How to report robust study summaries (https://echa.europa.eu/practical-guides).

(4) Under the introductory part of Annexes VII/VIII/IX/X to REACH, where a test method offers flexibility in the study design, for example in relation to the choice of dose levels or concentrations, the chosen study design must ensure that the data generated are adequate for hazard identification and risk assessment.

1.2 Test material

Before generating new data, you must agree within the joint submission on the chemical composition of the material to be tested (Test Material) which must be relevant for all the registrants of the Substance.

(1) Selection of the Test material(s)

The Test Material used to generate the new data must be selected taking into account the following:

- the variation in compositions reported by all members of the joint submission,
- the boundary composition(s) of the Substance,
- the impact of each constituent/impurity on the test results for the endpoint to be assessed. For example, if a constituent/impurity of the Substance is known to have an impact on (eco)toxicity, the selected Test Material must contain that constituent/impurity.

(2) Information on the Test Material needed in the updated dossier

- You must report the composition of the Test Material selected for each study, under the "Test material information" section, for each respective endpoint study record in IUCLID.
- The reported composition must include all constituents of each Test Material and their concentration values and other parameters relevant for the property to be tested, in this case.

With that detailed information, ECHA can confirm whether the Test Material is relevant for the Substance and whether it is suitable for use by all members of the joint submission.

Technical instructions on how to report the above is available in the manual on How to prepare registration and PPORD dossiers (https://echa.europa.eu/manuals).