

Working procedure for active substance approval

Version 4.0

The purpose of this document is to establish principles to be applied by participants in the work of the Biocidal Products Committee (BPC) and its Working Groups (WGs) for preparing opinions on applications for approval of biocidal active substances. Participants include WG and BPC members, alternates, rapporteurs, the secretariat, applicants and accredited stakeholder organisations.

This working procedure will be reviewed in the light of experience.

Document history

Document history		
Version	Changes	Date
1.0	First edition (original unnumbered version)	10 October 2013 at BPC-3
2.0	Main changes in the document: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The CIRCABC site for submitting any documents is included; • A step has been included of disagreeing to close a point for a WG discussion ("peer review of closing a point"); • The approach is described for situations where an ad hoc follow-up does not reach an agreement; • The CARs finalised at the TM are now specifically addressed; • The <i>open issues</i> document in preparation for the BPC meeting is now included; • The final stages of the BPC opinion processing are now described, including the most relevant steps related to the dissemination of the opinion, AR and study results; • A new step was included to cover the 'other' documents for the WG and BPC meetings; • The annex on the accordance check criteria has been clarified and updated based on CA meeting agreements and Regulation 1062/2014 (the Review Programme Regulation); • An additional annex was included to clarify the documents to be provided by the eCA, considering both the old and the new format. 	6 February 2015 at BPC-9
3.0	Main changes in the document: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • R4BP 3 in use for communication with the applicants, eCAs and COM from 1 March 2016 onwards. 	8 December 2015 at BPC-13
4.0	Main changes in the document: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementing the revision of the working procedure as agreed at BPC-15 (BPC-15-2016-07); • Including the need for a proposal for the reference specification in the accordance check. 	14 June 2016 at BPC-16

1. Purpose

This document establishes the working procedures of the BPC for the peer review process of biocidal active substance evaluation. According to the Biocidal Products Regulation (BPR) the opinion on the approval of an active substance has to be submitted by ECHA to the Commission within 270 days of the receipt of the conclusions of the evaluating Competent Authority (eCA¹). For the Review Programme the opinion has to be submitted by ECHA within 270 days of the start of the preparation (Article 7 of Regulation (EU) No 1062/2014).

2. Scope

This document details the steps to be taken during the peer review process of an active substance under the BPR. The steps covered are those starting from the eCA submitting the Competent Authority Report (CAR) until the dissemination of the finalised opinion of the BPC. The steps are described for all the actors in the process including eCA, ECHA secretariat (SECR), applicant, WG members and BPC members.

The same principles and processes apply to substances in the Review Programme, *mutatis mutandis*. Where different from the process under BPR, the corresponding steps are described also for the Review Programme.

In addition, a distinction is made between CARs submitted by the MSCA before and after the entry into operation of the BPR on 1 September 2013.

3. Description

The individual steps and indicative timelines for the process are described in Table 1, and the actual binding calendar dates for each step are given in the separate document "Timelines for the peer review of active substance evaluations". The actions and responsibilities of the applicant are included separately in Table 1 below each relevant step.

3.1 Submitting CARs

Starting 1 January 2015, all CARs should be submitted in the format² agreed at BPC-4 (Assessment Report and Conclusions). In principle SECR will reject in the accordance check any CARs received in the old format (Documents I and II). However, the SECR will apply some flexibility e.g. for CARs that are near to finalisation or whose finalisation has been delayed due to missing guidance, or where an evaluation of a new PT can be provided using a CAR submitted earlier for another PT. If the eCA wishes to use the old format, they should contact the ECHA dossier manager as early as possible to ensure that the eCA and ECHA are in agreement on the format to be used (see [3.4 Communications](#)).

SECR will perform an accordance check for each CAR submitted by the eCAs to verify that the CAR can proceed to peer review (see [5.1 Accordance check](#)). The 270-day timeline begins on the predefined date given in *Timelines for the peer review of active substance evaluations*, following the CAR submission and provided that the conclusion of the accordance check is positive. Failing to pass the accordance check will result in returning the CAR to the eCA for revision and submission of the revised CAR during a subsequent submission window.

¹ eCA in the working procedure refers to the rapporteur or other representative of the eCA. It also refers to the Rapporteur Member State (RMS) of the substances in the Review Programme.

² http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/17169198/car_template_eca_en.doc

3.2 Submitting other documents

When the CAR has been submitted in the old format that was used under the BPD, the eCA will also submit a draft BPC opinion³.

When the application for active substance approval was made before 1 September 2013 and the study summaries are in the old format (Document III), this will be considered as acceptable also when submitting the CAR. This is valid regardless of whether the CAR is in the new or old format; note that the study summaries or the IUCLID dossier are not part of the CAR (for further information see [5.2 CAR structure and terminology](#)).

3.3 Specific rules for CARs submitted before 1 September 2013

Active substances for which CARs were submitted by MSCAs **before 1 September 2013** will be approved on the basis of the BPD principles but following the BPR processes. The assessment report will need to be updated according to the new format in order to address the change in legislative context and the exclusion and substitution criteria.

Active substances for which CARs were submitted **after 1 September 2013** will be approved on the basis of the BPR principles, regardless of whether the substance is new or in the Review Programme.

3.4 Communications

All formal communications will take place through either R4BP 3 or CIRCABC. The applicant will communicate with eCA and SECR through R4BP 3. Any documents outside of R4BP 3 will be distributed via CIRCABC, which will be restricted to members/alternates/advisers/rapporteurs of the BPC and core/alternate/flexible members of the WGs.

The contact point between the eCA and SECR is the dossier manager (DM) appointed by SECR for each application.

To contact SECR, please use the following e-mail addresses:

- bpc@echa.europa.eu for organisational issues of the BPC meetings;
- BPC-WGs@echa.europa.eu for organisational issues of the WG meetings;
- biocides-bpc-active-substance@echa.europa.eu for issues related to active substance approval and the related process and procedures.

These e-mail addresses have to be used for those steps in table 1 where the communication with the SECR is not indicated to take place via R4BP 3 or CIRCABC.

³ Path: /CircaBC/echa/Biocidal Products Committee (BPC)/Library/Non Confidential Folder/01. Procedural Documents/02. Active substance approval
Link: <https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/echa-scircabc/w/browse/2333a050-9cdd-4514-99e3-f7e59fbfecc2>

Figure 1. Flowchart of the biocidal active substance approval process.

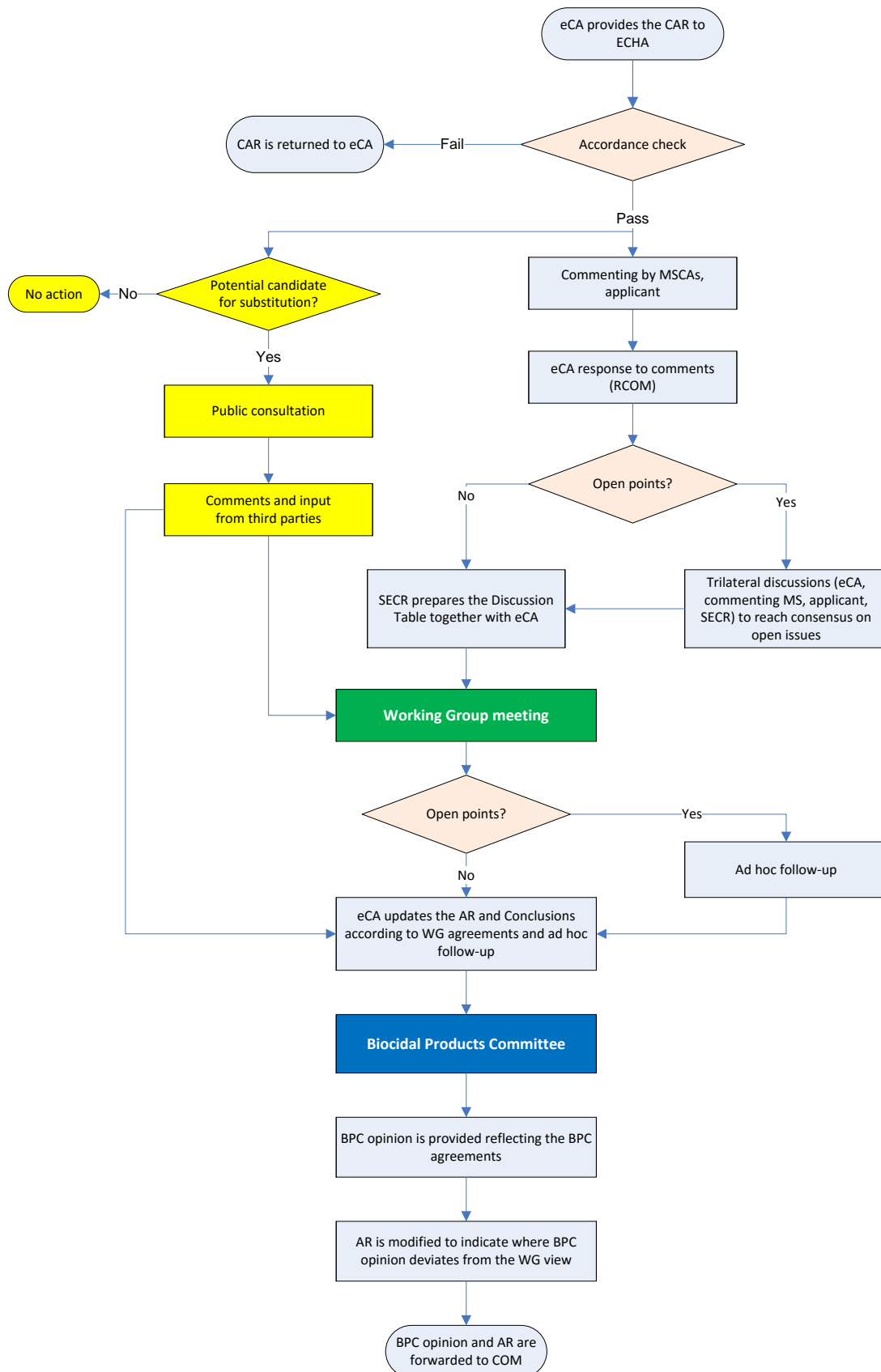


Table 1. Description of the steps in the biocidal active substance peer review process

1. Submission of CAR		Responsible actor (Approximate time limit)
1.	<p>Submission. The eCA submits the results of the evaluation in the form of a CAR together with either an annotated IUCLID dossier or study summaries (Doc III). Please see 3.2 Submitting other documents for information on using the old format (study summaries in Doc III). The submission is done via R4BP 3.</p> <p>If R4BP 3 is not operational the submission is done via CIRCABC in the following folder:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Path: /CircaBC/echa/BPC-WG/Library/Confidential/05. Submissions - https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/echa-scircabc/w/browse/a080e867-292f-4cf4-9383-2a6282f2dcec 	eCA (365 days after validation of application)
2.	<p>Accordance check. SECR performs a check to verify that the CAR fulfils the requirements as indicated in Annex 5.1.</p>	SECR (21 days after the end of a submission window)
	<p>a) Accordance check: pass. The submission is accepted and the evaluation will proceed to the commenting stage (see 3. <i>Commenting phase</i>) and to public consultation if relevant (see 2. <i>Public consultation</i>). SECR informs the eCA of the result of the accordance check via R4BP 3.</p>	SECR
	<p>b) Accordance check: fail. The CAR and the IUCLID dossier are returned to the eCA for modifications. The eCA is informed of the result of the accordance check via R4BP 3, and will revise and resubmit the CAR, as well as the IUCLID dossier if necessary.</p>	SECR
3.	<p>Rapporteur. SECR appoints the BPC rapporteur according to Article 17(2) of the BPC RoPs unless this has already been done.</p>	SECR

2. Public consultation⁴		Responsible actor (Approximate time limit)
<p><i>These steps are performed only if the eCA proposes the active substance to be a potential candidate for substitution. Where relevant, public consultation is always performed before scheduling discussions in WGs.</i></p>		
4.	<p>Public consultation. Before publishing, the text for public consultation is submitted to the applicant via R4BP 3 and to the eCA for consultation. In addition to the substance identification (name and EC/CAS numbers), the public consultation indicates the PT and eCA, describes the intended uses and indicates the conditions of BPR Art 10(1) that are met.</p>	SECR (14 days after accordance check)
	<p>Applicant: The applicant will review the text proposal to check for confidentiality issues and correctness of the information before the consultation is published.</p>	Applicant (Without delay)

⁴ Public consultation is parallel to 3. *Commenting phase*.

5.	Input by third parties. Once the information has been published, interested third parties provide information via the templates for confidential and non-confidential submissions.	Third parties (60 days)
6.	Summary of the public consultation. All the input received in response to the public consultation and a brief description is prepared and provided to the WG and BPC and the eCA will then include this as a confidential annex to the CAR. Comments received during public consultation will be taken into account by the eCA and reflected in the BPC opinion, taking into account the confidentiality status of the information. Applicant: The applicant will have access to the non-confidential input submitted during the public consultation via the website for public consultation.	SECR (14 days)

3. Commenting phase⁵		Responsible actor (Approximate time limit)
7.	Distribution of CAR. SECR distributes the CAR and a template for commenting to the MSCAs ⁶ via CIRCABC. Study summaries will also be distributed if a IUCLID dossier is not available. Applicant: The applicant will receive the CAR from the eCA and the template for commenting from SECR via R4BP 3.	SECR (Without delay) eCA, SECR (Without delay)
8.	Commenting phase. SECR launches the commenting phase by sending an e-mail to all BPC and WG members. The MSCAs use the template for commenting and upload their comments directly to the appropriate CIRCABC newsgroup indicated by the SECR in the launching message. Applicant: The applicant may provide comments using the template for commenting and send these to SECR via R4BP 3. SECR uploads these comments to the appropriate CIRCABC newsgroup.	SECR (Without delay) MSCAs (35 days) Applicant (35 days)
9.	Response to comments table (RCOM). As soon as the MSCAs, SECR and applicant provide their comments, the eCA will start providing responses to the comments with the aim of reaching an agreement bilaterally with the commenting body. The eCA prepares a consolidated table including all comments received together with the eCA responses. Where possible, during this time the eCA will verify whether the commenting MSCA/applicant agrees with the response, and include information on this in the table. The eCA sends this RCOM to SECR via CIRCABC and to the applicant via R4BP 3. The eCA prepares a separate confidential RCOM if there are comments on confidential information. CIRCABC folder for submitting the RCOM: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Path: /CircaBC/echa/BPC-WG/Library/Confidential/05. Submissions - https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/echa-scircabc/w/browse/a080e867-292f-4cf4-9383-2a6282f2dcec 	eCA, MSCA, applicants (28 days)

⁵ Commenting phase is parallel to 2. *Public consultation*.

⁶ MSCA in the working procedure refers to any MSCA representative having access to the CIRCABC interest groups for BPC or BPC Working Groups.

	Applicant: The applicant receives the RCOM from the eCA and will discuss bilaterally with the eCA on the eCA responses.	
10.	Distribution of RCOM. SECR makes the RCOM available to the MSCAs <i>via</i> CIRCABC.	SECR (Without delay)

4. Working Group meeting and preparations		Responsible actor (Approximate time limit)
11.	<p>Draft agenda. The draft agenda for the WG meeting is published on ECHA website and in CIRCABC.</p> <p>Applicant: The applicant should check periodically the ECHA website for the WG agenda. The Work Programme⁸ indicates the substances to be discussed in the upcoming WG meetings.</p>	SECR (21 days ⁷ before the WG)
12.	<p>Invitations for the WG meeting. SECR will send invitations to core members, alternate core members, flexible members and stakeholders.</p> <p>Applicant: SECR will inform the applicant of the discussion on their application and provide the link to register for the meeting.</p>	SECR (21 days ⁷ before the WG)
13.	<p>Registration. Registration is opened for members, applicants and stakeholders.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All core members are expected to register. When a core member is not able to participate, the core member should ensure that an alternate will attend the meeting. The MSCAs may register flexible members to each of the WGs. <p>Applicant: The applicant may nominate one representative for each WG meeting in which they wish to participate. The applicants should contact BPC-WGs@echa.europa.eu to receive instructions for registration. According to the Code of conduct for the applicants, one accompanying expert may be permitted for each WG when a justified case is made.</p>	SECR (21 days ⁷ before the WG)
14.	<p>Trilateral discussions. Immediately following the RCOM distribution (steps 9-10), the eCA will contact the commenting MSCAs/applicant and SECR and continue discussions, with the intention to reach an agreement for each open issue before providing the updated RCOM (step 16). The SECR should be kept in copy to all messages.</p> <p>Applicant: The applicant may discuss any open points trilaterally with the eCA and SECR.</p>	eCA (ending 26 days before the WG)
15.	<p>Updated RCOM. The eCA provides to SECR and the applicant an updated RCOM including all agreements achieved. The eCA marks all points as closed or open and highlights the open points by colour coding. SECR distributes the updated RCOM to MSCAs via CIRCABC.</p> <p>Applicant: The eCA provides the updated RCOM to the applicant using via R4BP 3.</p>	eCA (21 days before the WG)

⁷ This is according to the BPC RoPs. The agenda and invitations will be sent as early as possible, usually at least 30 days before the WG.

⁸ Available at the Committee home page at <http://echa.europa.eu/about-us/who-we-are/biocidal-products-committee>.

16.	<p>Registration deadline for the WG meeting.</p> <p>Applicant: The same registration deadline concerns the applicant.</p>	Members, applicants, ASOs (14 days before the WG)
17.	<p>Disagreement in closing a point. When the updated RCOM is provided via CIRCABC indicating a point to be closed by the eCA, the other MSCAs and the applicant have one week to request re-opening the point for discussion at the WG. The request will be directed to the SECR, informing the eCA.</p> <p>It is important to note that the timeline for this must be strict because of the preparation of the discussion tables (see the step below). If disagreement to closing a point is not communicated within the time limit, this will be considered as tacit agreement to close it.</p>	MSCAs (14 days before the WG)
18.	<p>Discussion table. SECR prepares columns⁹ a) and b) of the discussion table in consultation with the eCA. SECR includes in the discussion table all points that the eCA marked as open in the updated RCOM (step 16). Irrespective of a possible bilateral/trilateral agreement, SECR may additionally include any issues that are of special relevance for the assessment (e.g. reference values, additional studies required); these will then be agreed by the relevant WG.</p> <p>The discussion table will contain all the issues to be discussed at the WG meeting (i.e. no other issues will be discussed). It is distributed to MSCAs <i>via</i> CIRCABC (interest group BPC Working Groups).</p> <p>Applicant: SECR provides the discussion tables for each WG to the applicant via R4BP 3.</p>	SECR in collaboration with eCA (10 days before the WG)
19.	<p>Other documents. Any documents intended for discussion at the WG meeting have to be provided no later than 10 days before the meeting. SECR will make these documents available to the MSCAs via CIRCABC and to the applicant via R4BP 3.</p> <p>Applicant: If the applicant wishes to provide e.g. position papers, these have to be provided with the same time limit.</p>	eCA; MSCAs; SECR; applicant (10 days before the WG)
20.	<p>Identifying further discussion items. If an MSCA wishes to discuss an issue that is not in the discussion table, they should immediately contact SECR (biocides-bpc-active-substance@echa.europa.eu). SECR will include such issues in the discussion table before the WG only when they are considered critical in deciding on the approval/non-approval of the a.s. and/or on the fulfilment of exclusion or substitution criteria. Any new items in the discussion table are immediately communicated to the eCA and the applicant by the SECR.</p> <p>Applicant: The applicant can contact SECR (biocides-bpc-active-substance@echa.europa.eu) to request including further issues in the discussion table. SECR will include such issues in the discussion table before the WG only when they are considered critical in deciding on the approval/non-approval of the a.s. and/or on the fulfilment of exclusion or substitution criteria. Any new items in the discussion table are immediately communicated to the eCA by the SECR.</p>	MSCAs; applicant; SECR (Before the WG)

⁹ a) Running number; b) Issue and background, Ref. in RCOM; c) WG discussion, *ad hoc* follow-up where relevant; d) Open/closed point, Conclusions; e) Action points, Deadlines

21.	Working Group meeting. The issues identified in the discussion table are discussed with the aim of finding an agreement. The accredited stakeholder organisations (ASO) can be present unless the applicant has sent a written justified objection on grounds of confidential business information and SECR has accepted the objection (see RoPs). The ASOs do not have access to documents concerning the substances.	n.a.
22.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> WG: Discussion table. The conclusions, action points and deadlines are finalised at the WG meeting and included in columns⁹ d) and e) of the discussion table. 	n.a.
23.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> WG: Open issues. Where an agreement cannot be reached during the WG meeting, this is identified as an open point in the discussion table. The WG appoints the members to an ad hoc follow-up group coordinated by SECR (steps 25-29); the members are indicated in column⁹ e) of the discussion table. Any WG participant can join the group; the core members are normally expected to participate and the eCA should always participate. The deadline for the final outcome of the ad hoc follow-up is agreed at the WG meeting and indicated in the discussion table. <p>Applicant: The applicant can normally participate as an observer in any ad hoc follow-up.</p>	n.a.
24.	<p>Distribution of conclusions and action points The discussion table with conclusions, action points and deadlines is distributed to MSCAs <i>via</i> CIRCABC, and to the applicant using ad hoc communication in R4BP 3 after the WG meeting. Note that these are not the Minutes of the WG meeting as the discussions are included in column⁹ c) in the next step (see section 6 of this table).</p> <p>Applicant: SECR provides the conclusions and action points to the applicant via R4BP 3.</p>	SECR (without delay)

5. Ad hoc follow-up		Responsible actor (Approximate time limit)
<p><i>These steps are followed only if there are open points after the WG meeting. Ad hoc follow-up will not be used for 'early' WG discussions, i.e. those taking place before the eCA has submitted the CAR.</i></p>		
25.	<p>Ad hoc follow-up discussion. Immediately following the WG meeting, the SECR will initiate discussions with all participants of the ad hoc follow-up group established at step 23. The intention is to reach an agreement for all remaining open points from the WG meeting related to that specific substance.</p> <p>Applicant: The applicant can normally participate as an observer in the ad hoc follow up discussion.</p>	SECR, eCA, MSCAs, applicant (n.a.)

26.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ad hoc follow-up: arrangement. The ad hoc follow-up is initiated by SECR indicating the arrangement and timelines. The deadline for providing the outcome is established on a case-by-case basis at the WG meeting, taking into account the need of the eCA to finalise the CAR for the following BPC meeting. There is no predefined format for the discussions. Any means of communication may be used as long as the reporting is agreed on. It is normally, but not exclusively, the task of the eCA representative to prepare the documents detailing the proposed solutions to the open questions. If the discussion is relevant for another WG, SECR will contact the Chair of that WG to agree on the appropriate procedure. 	SECR, eCA
27.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reporting: points closed. SECR in cooperation with the eCA will draft the text that, once agreed by the ad hoc follow-up participants, will be included in the draft minutes as the result of the ad hoc follow-up. Note that this will take place after providing the draft minutes (see section 6 below). This will include a brief explanation and the conclusion in column⁹ c) of the minutes. The point will be marked as closed in column d) of the minutes. These entries will be clearly marked to indicate that the discussion took place in the ad hoc follow-up and not during the WG meeting. 	SECR (at the latest 21 days before the next WG meeting)
28.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reporting: open points. Where no agreement is reached and there is no clear majority, the eCA will decide the approach to be presented to the BPC, clearly indicating that there was no agreement at the WG. This will also be included in the minutes. 	eCA (at the latest 21 days before the next WG meeting)
29.	<p>Finalisation of minutes. SECR finalises the minutes in consultation with the eCA where relevant. The minutes are distributed to the MSCAs via CIRCABC.</p> <p>Applicant: SECR provides the finalised minutes to the applicant via R4BP 3.</p>	SECR (21 days before the next WG meeting)

6. Minutes of the Working Group meeting		Responsible actor (Approximate time limit)
30.	<p>Minutes in the form of discussion table. Column⁹ c) of the discussion table is drafted by SECR after the WG meeting and the file is named as the draft minutes. These draft minutes are distributed to MSCAs <i>via</i> CIRCABC.</p> <p>Applicant: SECR provides the draft minutes of the corresponding WG to the applicant via R4BP 3.</p>	SECR (14 days after the WG)
31.	<p>Commenting minutes. MSCAs send their comments to the appropriate newsgroup in CIRCABC and the applicants to SECR using ad hoc communication in R4BP 3. Comments should concern only the WG meeting discussion in column⁹ c) unless a clear error is identified elsewhere.</p> <p>Applicant: The applicant may send comments on the minutes to SECR via R4BP 3.</p>	MSCAs; applicant (21 days before the next WG)
32.	<p>Updating minutes. SECR will update the text as appropriate. Revised minutes are distributed to MSCAs <i>via</i> CIRCABC. The results of ad hoc follow-up (section 5) are included in the minutes and are considered as finalised.</p> <p>Applicant: SECR provides the updated minutes to the applicant via R4BP 3.</p>	SECR (10 days before the next WG meeting)
33.	<p>Finalising minutes. The updated minutes are agreed at the following WG meeting. The public version will be published at the ECHA website.</p>	SECR (without delay)
7. CARs coming from Technical Meetings (TM)		Responsible actor (Approximate time limit)
<i>These additional steps are necessary when the technical discussions were finalised in the TMs and not in WGs.</i>		
34.	<p>Updated CAR. The eCA will send the updated CAR to SECR <i>via</i> R4BP 3. If R4BP 3 is not operational the submission is done via CIRCABC in the following folder:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Path: /CircaBC/echa/BPC-WG/Library/Confidential/05. Submissions - https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/echa-scircabc/w/browse/a080e867-292f-4cf4-9383-2a6282f2dcec <p>Applicant: The eCA provides the updated CAR to the applicant indicating the deadline for commenting via R4BP 3.</p>	eCA (70 days before BPC meeting ¹⁰)
35.	<p>CAR distribution. SECR distributes the updated CAR to MSCAs via CIRCABC.</p>	SECR (without delay)
36.	<p>Commenting period. The MSCAs upload their comments directly to the appropriate CIRCABC newsgroup.</p> <p>Applicant: The applicant may send comments to SECR via R4BP 3.</p>	MSCAs, applicant (30 days commenting period)

¹⁰ This is to allow sufficient time for steps 36 and 37 and for the eCA to consider the comments before providing the draft opinion and AR (steps 42 and 44). The SECR publishes the deadlines for each substance in the BPC work programme.

37.	Decision on the need to consult WG. Based on the comments received, SECR will decide in consultation with the eCA whether a discussion at one or more WGs is still necessary before the CAR can proceed to the BPC.	SECR (without delay)
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7. Biocidal Products Committee meeting and preparations		Responsible actor (Approximate time limit)
38.	<p>Draft agenda. The draft agenda for the BPC meeting is published on ECHA website. An invitation is sent to the BPC members and ASOs.</p> <p>Applicant: The applicant should periodically check the ECHA website for the BPC agenda. The applicant can also anticipate the timing of the discussions based on the Work Programme¹¹ published at the ECHA website. SECR will inform the applicant(s) of their applications being discussed at the BPC, as far as the appropriate contact information are available.</p>	SECR (21 days ⁷ before the BPC)
39.	<p>Registration. Registration is open for members, advisers, ASOs and applicants.</p> <p>Applicant: The applicant may nominate a representative for the agenda item concerning their application. The applicants should contact BPC@echa.europa.eu to receive instructions for registration.</p>	SECR (21 days ⁷ before the BPC)
40.	<p>Registration deadline for the BPC meeting. The participants will register for the meeting by the deadline.</p> <p>Applicant: The same registration deadline concerns the applicant.</p>	Members (14 days ¹² before the BPC)
41.	SECR-eCA dialogue. Immediately following the WG meeting (for CARs coming from TM, following the 30-day commenting period), SECR and the eCA will start preparations for the BPC meeting. The aim of the dialogue is to find an agreement on issues related to the BPC opinion.	eCA (ending 26 days before the BPC meeting)

¹¹ Available at the Committee home page at <http://echa.europa.eu/about-us/who-we-are/biocidal-products-committee>.

¹² When the agenda and invitations are sent more than 4 weeks before the meeting, the registration deadline is two weeks after sending the invitations.

42.	<p>Submitting the updated CAR¹³. The eCA will begin modifying the CAR immediately after the WG discussion, based on the agreements in the RCOM, WG meeting and ad hoc follow-up where relevant. The eCA may consult the SECR, the commenting MSs and the applicant as relevant. The eCA submits the CAR and the draft BPC opinion to SECR <i>via</i> R4BP 3.</p> <p>Where the BPD CAR format is used, the eCA provides a draft BPC opinion using the relevant parts of the AR (Section 3).</p> <p>If R4BP 3 is not operational the submission is done via CIRCABC in the following folder:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Path: /CircaBC/echa/BPC-WG/Library/Confidential/05. Submissions - https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/echa-scircabc/w/browse/a080e867-292f-4cf4-9383-2a6282f2dcec <p>Applicant: SECR provides the updated CAR to the applicant via R4BP 3.</p>	eCA (35 days before the BPC meeting)
43.	<p>Distribution. SECR distributes the Assessment Report or if in the old format used under the BPD the updated Document II to MSCAs <i>via</i> CIRCABC</p> <p>Applicant: SECR provides the AR or if in the old format the updated Document II to the applicant via R4BP 3.</p>	SECR (without delay)
44.	<p>Checking the updated CAR. It is up to each commenting MSCA to ensure that all the agreements in the RCOM are carried over to the updated CAR. If an agreement is found to be disregarded in the updated CAR, the MSCA should contact the eCA and SECR without delay.</p> <p>Applicant: The applicant can ensure that the agreements are carried over to the updated CAR and if relevant should contact the eCA and SECR without delay.</p>	All MSCAs (22 days before the BPC meeting)
45.	<p>Drafting BPC opinion. The SECR will prepare the draft BPC opinion in cooperation with the eCA.</p>	SECR; eCA (20 days before the BPC meeting)
46.	<p>Distribution. SECR distributes the draft BPC opinion to MSCAs <i>via</i> CIRCABC.</p> <p>Applicant: SECR provides the draft BPC opinion to the applicant via R4BP 3.</p>	SECR (20 days before the BPC meeting)
47.	<p>Other documents. Any documents intended for discussion at the BPC meeting have to be provided no later than 10 days before the meeting. SECR will make these documents available to the MSCAs via CIRCABC and to the applicant via R4BP 3.</p>	eCA; MSCAs; SECR (10 days before the BPC meeting)
48.	<p>Commenting period. The MSCAs and SECR may provide written comments on the AR and the draft opinion, especially where issues have not been included as agreed earlier in the process. SECR will open a dedicated newsgroup in CIRCABC for each substance.</p> <p>Applicant: The applicant may provide written comments to SECR via e-mail.</p>	MSCAs, SECR (10 days before the BPC meeting)

¹³ The CAR refers to the Assessment Report and Conclusions. If the old format is still used, this refers to Documents I and II, and confidential annexes if relevant (as well as the AR that is essentially Doc I renamed at the BPC stage).

49.	Open issues. SECR prepares the <i>open issues</i> document based on comments received from MSCAs, SECR and the applicant. The eCA prepares responses to the open issues listed. This is the discussion document for the BPC meeting. SECR distributes the document to MSCAs <i>via</i> CIRCABC.	SECR (5 days before the BPC meeting)
	Applicant: SECR provides the <i>open issues</i> document to the applicant via R4BP 3.	
50.	BPC meeting. BPC adopts the opinion unless written procedure is requested (see Rules of Procedure). Subject to the agreement of the applicant, the accredited stakeholder organisations (ASO) may be present. The ASOs have access to the draft opinions but not to other documents concerning the substances.	n.a.
	Applicant: The applicant may participate in the discussion at the BPC meeting.	

7. Finalisation and dissemination steps		Responsible actor (Approximate time limit)
51.	Finalisation of the <i>open issues</i> document. The SECR finalises the <i>open issues</i> document according to the agreements at the BPC and distributes the document to MSCAs <i>via</i> CIRCABC.	SECR (18 days after the BPC meeting)
52.	BPC opinion finalisation and dissemination. The SECR, in consultation with the eCA, finalises the BPC opinion according to the agreements at the BPC and forwards it to COM. The finalised opinion is published on the website of the BPC . Minority positions will have to be submitted to the SECR by the involved member within 7 days after the BPC meeting.	SECR (18 days after the BPC meeting)
53.	Updating the CAR¹³ and IUCLID file or Doc III. The eCA provides to SECR the updated CAR based on the discussions and agreements. The assessment report should be provided in both a confidential and a non-confidential version as it will be disseminated. The submission is done <i>via</i> R4BP 3. If R4BP 3 is not operational the submission is done <i>via</i> CIRCABC in the following folder: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Path: /CircaBC/echa/BPC-WG/Library/Confidential/05. Submissions - https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/echa-scircabc/w/browse/a080e867-292f-4cf4-9383-2a6282f2dcec The eCA updates the IUCLID file or Doc III based on the discussions and agreements, and provides them to the applicant for confidentiality check.	eCA (42 days after the BPC meeting)
54.	AR distribution. SECR sends the final AR to COM and makes it available to the MSCAs <i>via</i> CIRCABC.	SECR (Without delay)
	Applicant: SECR provides the final AR to the applicant <i>via</i> R4BP 3.	

55.	Confidentiality check for the IUCLID file or study summaries. The applicant will provide to the eCA the files indicating any confidentiality claims to ensure that no confidential information is disclosed to the public ¹⁴ . Steps 54, 55 and 57 will only apply in case of an approval decision.	Applicant (72 days after the BPC meeting)
56.	Non-confidential IUCLID file or Doc IIIA. The eCA will assess the confidentiality claims and prepare a non-confidential version of the IUCLID/Doc IIIA and provide them to SECR ¹⁴ together with any confidential annexes. The submission is done via R4BP 3. If R4BP 3 is not operational the submission is done via CIRCABC in the following folder: - Path: /CircaBC/echa/BPC-WG/Library/Confidential/05. Submissions - https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/echa-scircabc/w/browse/a080e867-292f-4cf4-9383-2a6282f2dcec	eCA (120 days after the BPC meeting)
57.	Distribution of the IUCLID file or Doc IIIA. The SECR will make the confidential and non-confidential files available to the MSCAs via CIRCABC.	SECR (without delay)
58.	Dissemination. After the COM approval decision of the active substance, ECHA disseminates the relevant information on the ECHA website: http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/biocidal-active-substances	ECHA (without delay)

4. Definitions and acronyms

Abbreviation	Definition
AR	Assessment Report
BPC	Biocidal Products Committee
BPR	Biocidal Products Regulation
CAR	Competent Authority Report (in the new CAR format the CAR consists of the Assessment Report and Conclusions; the IUCLID dossier is not a part of the CAR)
CIRCABC	Communication and Information Resource Centre for Administrations, Businesses and Citizens
COM	European Commission
DM	(ECHA) Dossier Manager
eCA	Evaluating Competent Authority
ECHA	European Chemicals Agency
MSCA	Member State Competent Authority
n.a.	Not applicable

¹⁴ Please refer to the documents *CA-March14-Doc.7.2.1 - Biocide confidentiality requests key steps and guidelines.docx* and *CA-March14-Doc.7.2.2 - Biocide confidentiality requests subsequent assessment by ECHA.docx*. Both documents are available in CIRCABC:

Path: /CircaBC/env/BPR - Public/Library/CA meetings/55th CA meeting March 2014

Link: <https://circabc.europa.eu/w/browse/af767168-75db-4e3e-8f32-2d53a850d54e>

R4BP 3	Register for Biocidal Products
RCOM	Response to Comments table
RoPs	Rules of procedure for the Biocidal Products Committee
SECR	ECHA Secretariat
TM	Technical Meeting
WG	Working Group

5. Annexes

5.1 Accordance check

Fulfilling the following criteria would constitute a “pass” in the accordance check performed on the CAR following the submission by the eCA. If one of the conditions is not fulfilled, the result is “fail”.

5.1.1 Criteria concerning all CARs

- 1) A CAR is provided in the correct format and it is complete.

Using the CAR template, all sections must be included and filled. In principle, the CAR template provided for applications under the BPR should be used. It is however still possible to submit evaluations using the template provided for applications under the BPD e.g. for CARs that are near to finalisation or whose finalisation has been delayed due to missing guidance, or where an evaluation of a new PT can be provided using a CAR submitted earlier for another PT (see [3.1 Submitting CARs](#)). When this old format is used, the submission must also contain the Conclusion section of the new CAR template, which will later in the process be used as the basis for the draft BPC opinion.

- 2) The CAR unambiguously specifies the proposed conclusion on the approval or non-approval of the active substance and any conditions for the approval.
- 3) The CAR includes explicit reporting of the fulfilment of exclusion criteria and the criteria for candidates for substitution. Each of the criteria needs to be discussed individually, clearly indicating whether the criteria are fulfilled or not. The exclusion and substitution criteria need to be assessed in line with the “Note on the principles for taking decisions on the approval of active substances under the BPR” and in line with “Further guidance on the application of the substitution criteria set out under article 10(1) of the BPR” agreed at the 54th and 58th meeting respectively, of the representatives of Member States Competent Authorities for the implementation of Regulation 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products. This implies that the assessment of the exclusion criteria is based on Article 5(1) and the assessment of substitution criteria is based on Article 10(1)(a, b, d, e and f).
- 4) There are no obvious inconsistencies in reporting.

The conclusions need to reflect the assessment of the data. No scientific evaluation is made in the accordance check but any obvious inconsistencies would constitute a fail.

- 5) The applicant was allowed the 30-day commenting period before submission¹⁵.

The comments provided by the applicant need to be taken into account when finalising the evaluation.

- 6) Any additional information the applicant provided as requested has been taken into account.

¹⁵ While this is not a legal requirement for substances in the Review Programme, the MSCAs are recommended to apply this procedure.

If the eCA has requested the applicant to provide further data within a specified time, and the applicant has provided this data in time, then the CAR needs to reflect this information.

- 7) In case of multiple applications for one substance, the evaluation is provided in a single CAR.
- 8) A proposal for a reference specification and reference source(s) is available.

5.1.2 Additional criteria for AS/PT combinations in the Review Programme

These additional criteria are as set out in Regulation 1062/2014 (the Review Programme Regulation) and as agreed at the Competent Authority meeting on 13 September 2013.

The requirements for submissions of CARs in the Review Programme are as follows, depending on the status of the dossier and the properties of the active substance:

Substances considered to meet the exclusion criteria:

- a. If the CMR-based exclusion criteria are met, the RAC opinion on harmonised C&L needs to be available at the time of submitting the CAR¹⁶.
- b. If the PBT/vPvB criteria are met, the recommendation of the PBT Expert Group needs to be available at the time of submitting the CAR¹⁶.
- c. If the substance is considered as an endocrine disrupter, the recommendation of the ED Expert Group needs to be available at the time of submitting the CAR¹⁶.

Substances considered to meet the substitution criteria:

- d. If the substitution criteria are met because of CMR properties, it is highly preferable and therefore strongly recommended that the RAC opinion on harmonised C&L is available at the time of submitting the CAR¹⁷. In any case a CLH dossier needs to have been submitted by the time of submitting the CAR¹⁷.
- e. If 2 out of 3 of the PBT criteria are met, it is highly preferable and therefore strongly recommended that the recommendation of the PBT Expert Group is available on the PBT/vPvB status at the time of submitting the CAR¹⁷.

Substances not considered to meet the exclusion or substitution criteria:

- f. If changes are proposed to an already existing harmonised classification, or no harmonised classification is available for the active substance, a CLH dossier needs to have been submitted by the time of submitting the CAR¹⁸.

¹⁶ CA meeting agreement CA-Nov14-Doc.4.5 - Final

¹⁷ CA meeting agreement CA-Nov14-Doc.4.4 - Final

¹⁸ Regulation 1062/2014 (the Review Programme Regulation)

5.2 CAR structure and terminology

The structure of the CAR is indicated in Figures 2 and 3 below.

Figure 2. Documents provided by the eCA (new format as agreed by the BPC).

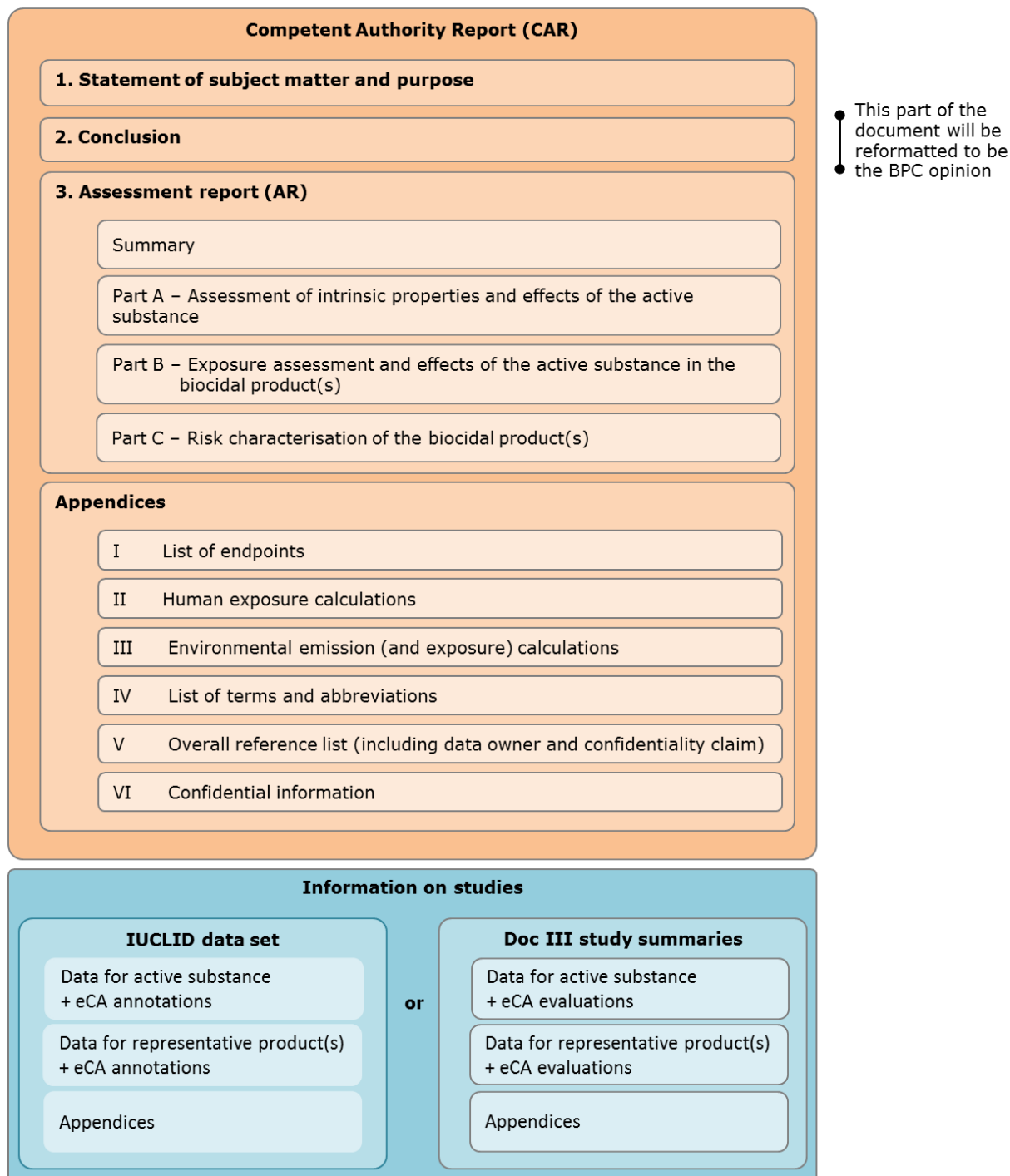
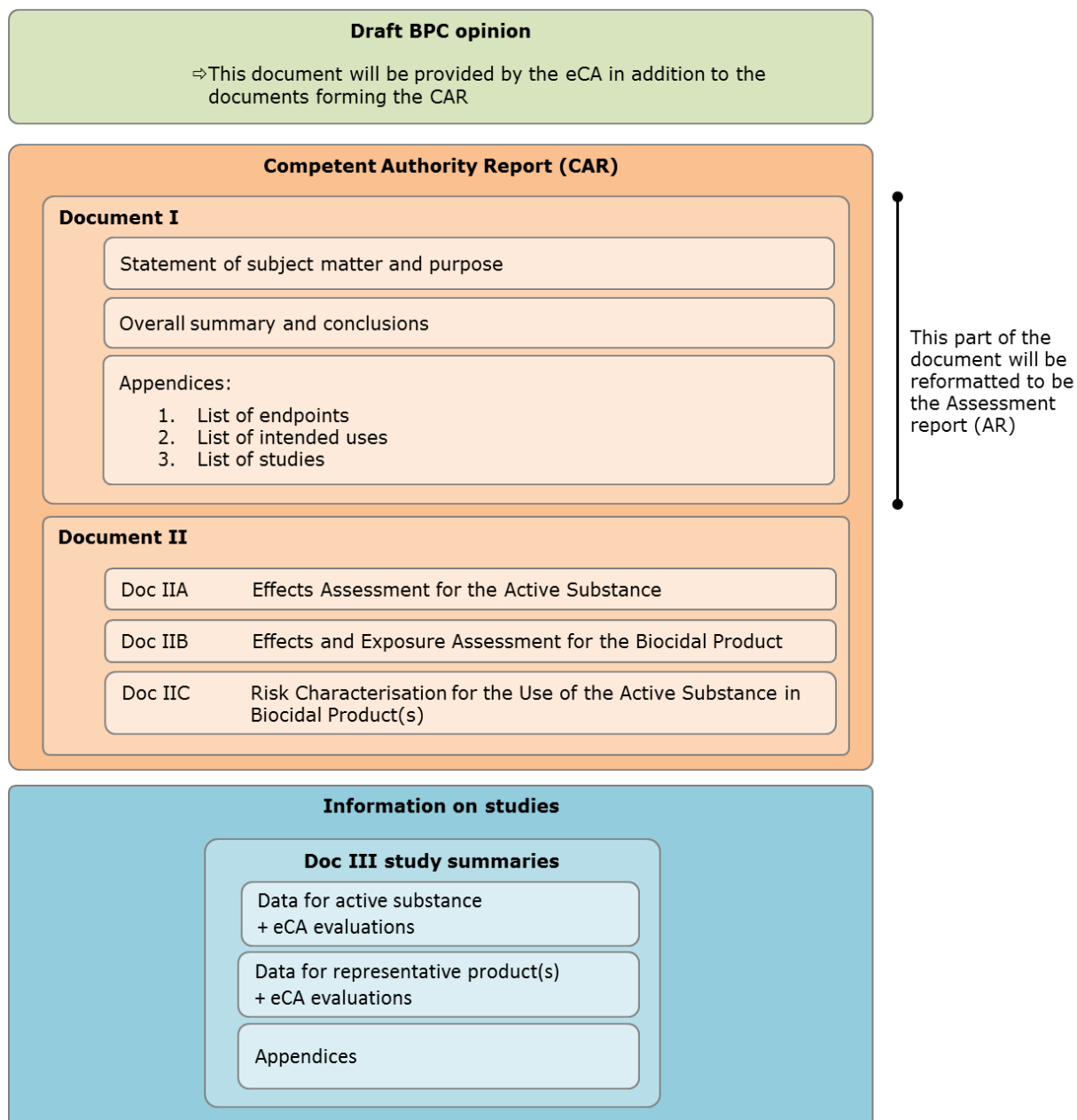


Figure 3. Documents provided by the eCA (old format as used under the BPD).



5.3 References

1. Rules of procedure for the Biocidal Products Committee.
http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/4221979/bpc_procedure_rules_en.pdf
2. Code of conduct for applicants participating in the Biocidal Products Committee and its Working Groups.
http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/4221979/bpc_conduct_code_applicants_en.pdf
3. Confidentiality claims check: key steps and guidelines. CA-March14-Doc.7.2.1 - Biocide confidentiality requests key steps and guidelines.docx (not finalised).
Available at CIRCABC:
 - Path: /CircaBC/env/BPR - Public/Library/CA meetings/55th CA meeting March 2014
 - <https://circabc.europa.eu/w/browse/af767168-75db-4e3e-8f32-2d53a850d54e>
4. Confidentiality claims check: separate assessment by ECHA. CA-March14-Doc.7.2.2 - Biocide confidentiality requests subsequent assessment by ECHA.docx (not finalised).
Available at CIRCABC:
 - Path: /CircaBC/env/BPR - Public/Library/CA meetings/55th CA meeting March 2014
 - <https://circabc.europa.eu/w/browse/af767168-75db-4e3e-8f32-2d53a850d54e>
5. Further guidance on the procedures related to the examination of the exclusion criteria and the conditions for derogation under Article 5(2). CA-Nov14-Doc.4.5 - Final - Processus Art 5(1)&(2).doc
Available at CIRCABC:
 - Path: /CircaBC/env/BPR - Public/Library/documents_finalised/CA-Nov14-Doc.4.5 - Final - Processus Art 5(1)&(2).doc
 - <https://circabc.europa.eu/w/browse/eaae0dc2-1715-4906-a5d5-af3932fcd7c9>
6. Further guidance on the application of the substitution criteria set out under Article 10(1) of the BPR. CA-Nov14-Doc.4.4 - Final - Further guidance on Art10(1).doc
Available at CIRCABC:
 - Path: /CircaBC/env/BPR - Public/Library/documents_finalised/CA-Nov14-Doc.4.4 - Final - Further guidance on Art10(1).doc
 - <https://circabc.europa.eu/w/browse/dbac71e3-cd70-4ed7-bd40-fc1cb92cfe1c>

5.4 Links

1. Template for CAR and for draft risk assessment.
http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/17169198/car_template_eca_en.doc
2. Website of the Biocidal Products Committee.
<http://echa.europa.eu/about-us/who-we-are/biocidal-products-committee>
3. Website of the Working Groups of the BPC.
<http://echa.europa.eu/about-us/who-we-are/biocidal-products-committee/working-groups>
4. CIRCABC site for uploading documents.
 - Path: /CircaBC/echa/BPC-WG/Library/Confidential/05. Submissions
 - <https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/echa-scircabc/w/browse/a080e867-292f-4cf4-9383-2a6282f2dcec>