

# Sector use maps: key features

Webinar: Getting meaningful exposure scenarios: how sector use maps help

30 March 2017

Sandrine Lefèvre-Brévart





collaborative efficient<sub>realistic</sub> # nonised format standard phrases agreed

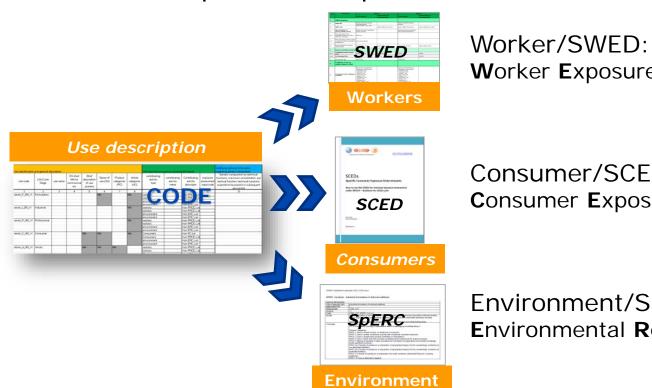
## Use map format and content





## Use map format

- A package of four templates:
- ✓ One template for use description
- ✓ Three templates for inputs to chemical safety assessment:



Worker/SWED: Sector-specific Worker Exposure Description

Consumer/SCED: Specific Consumer Exposure Determinant

Environment/SpERC: **Sp**ecific Environmental Release Category

# Main use map element: use description





## **Use description**

## Further explained in *ECHA Guidance on CSA R.12*

Jse identification a	nd general de	scription											Link activities t	o exposure asse	ssment in	puts		Additional information (optional)
Use code	Link to entry in previous use maps	Life Cycle Stage	Life Cycle Stage code	Use name	ESCom standard phrase code(s) for use name	Further description of use	Sectors of use (SU)	Product categorie s (PC)	Article categorie s (AC)	ES short title for communicatio n	This use leads to subseq uent service life	Reference to subsequent service life use and relevant substances (if Y in previous column)	Contributing activity (CA) type	CA name	ESCom standar d	CA descriptor	Exposure assessment input code for this CA	Generic composition by technica functions; maximum concentratio per technical function; tonnage information; other
1	1a	2	2a	3	3a	4	5	6	7	8	9	9a	10	11	11a	12	13	14
sector_M_001_v1		Manufacture	М				NIA	N/A	NIA		NA	NIA	workers			from PROC List		
													workers			from PROC List		
													environment			from ERC List		
													environment			from ERC List		
sector_F_001_v1		Formulation or	F				NA		NA		ΝΆ	N/A	workers			from PROC List		
2000_1_001_11		re-packing	'										THE THE T					
													workers			from PROC List		
													environment			from ERC List		
													environment			from ERC List		
sector_IS_001_v1		Use at industrial sites	IS						NIA				workers			from PROC List		
													workers			from PROC List		
													environment			from ERC List		
													environment			from ERC List		
sector_PW_001_v1		Widespread use by professional workers	PW						N∤A				workers workers			from PROC List		
													environment			from ERC List		
C 001 - 1		C	-				NIA		NIA				environment			from ERC List from PC list		
ector_C_001_v1		Consumer use	C				NA		IVA				Consumers			from PC list		
													Consumers environment			from PC list		
																from ERC List		
Cl 0011		Service life -	SLw				NIA	NA			NIA	N/A	environment			from ERIC List		
ector_SLw_001_v1		workers	SLW				NA	NA			NA	IN/A	workers workers			from PROC List		
													environment			from ERC List		
													environment			from ERC List		
sector_SLc_001_v1		Service life - consumers	SLc				NA	NA			NIA	NIA	Consumers			from AC list		
	1		1		1	1			I	1						from AC list		

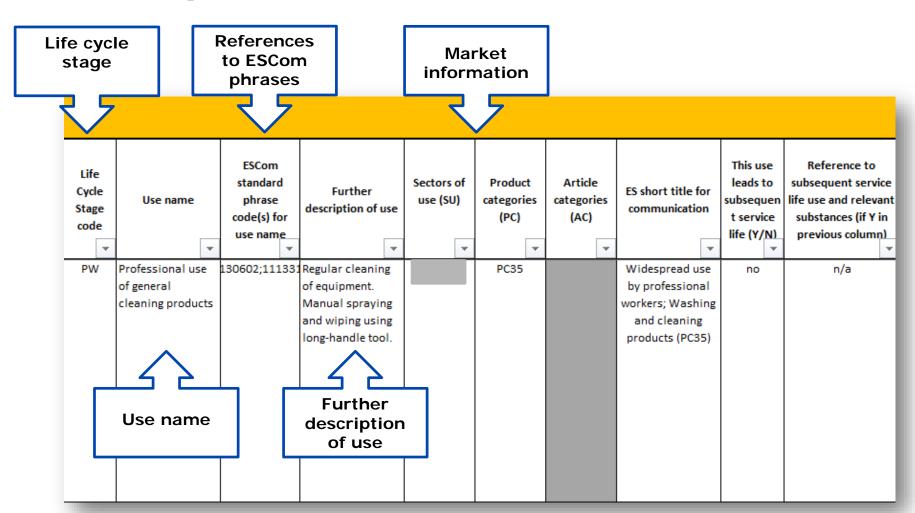
Use identification (grouped per life cycle stage)

Additional information (optional)

Contributing activities per use + link to exposure assessment inputs



## **Example**





### **Example**

References to ESCom phrases

References to exposure assessment inputs

Link activities to exposure assessmen Additional information (optional) **ESCom** Contributing standard Generic composition by technical functions; activity (CA) Exposure assessment input code CA CA maximum concentration per technical phrase type descriptor for this CA name code(s) for function; tonnage information; other CA name 0163;1113 PROC11 - Nsector SWED 11(i | III)v1 Workers Manual spraying Maximum concentrations of substances in this product: - surfactant: 20% - Polymeric: 20% Solvent: 15% D13322459 PROC10 - Rsector\_SWED\_10(i\_l\_III)v1 Workers Wiping Base/acid: 20% Builder: 24% Hydrotope: 10% Bleach: 10% 0133220212ERC8a - Wisector\_SPERC\_8a a1.v1 Indoor use - solvent-Environment Perfumes: 2% borne or water-borne Other Additives: 2% products; Indicative volume of cleaning products marketed for profestional use in the EU is Contributing Use Additional activities descriptor information

8

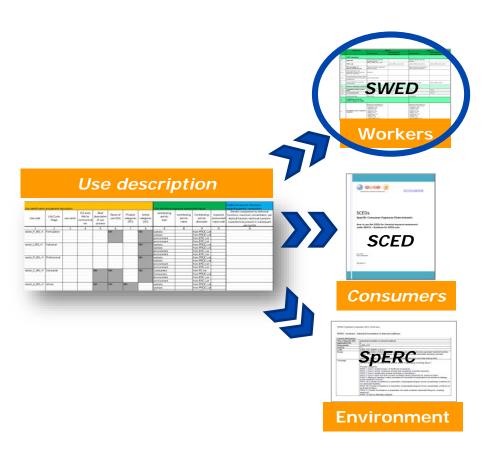
Sector-specific worker exposure description (SWED)





#### What are SWEDs?

Sector-specific Worker Exposure Description



- Describes operational conditions and risk management measures for workers' activities
- Can be used by registrants as input to exposure assessment, and chemical safety report (fields aligned with IUCLID)
- Ensures assessments are realistic and relevant
- Includes suitable standard phrases that help registrant to communicate effectively with downstream user through exposure scenario
- Further explained in ECHA Guidance on CSA R.14

echa.europa.eu 10



#### **SWED** data structure

	<b>SWED TEMPLATE</b>					
	SWED Template v01; February 2016					
Row No.	Field name	Explanations/Help text	SWED 1			
			Field content	Information for communication		
1	SWED identifiers	Section 1 provides information on the scope of the SWED				
1.1	SWED title*	Title for the SWED indicating activities/products addressed	Free text			
1.2	SWED code*	Alphanumerical code assigned to the SWED. This is the same as column S in Use Map template. Format is <sector>_SWED_<is or="" pw=""> plus optional elements using harmonised abbreviations.</is></sector>	Free text	Free text		
2	Conditions of use for workers (input to CSA)	Section 2 provides the core elements (in bold) which are usually required as input to generate exposure scenarios and estimates.				
		transcrittetone-				
3	Description of other conditions of use, if relevant for specified exposure assessment tool	Use it to provide additional conditions of use that are not included in Section 2, but are relevant input parameters for the assessment (such as distance from source, drop height, etc.).				
3a.1	Description of the condition of use	Describe any additional operational condition, technical or organisational measure, or personal protective equipment in place during the activity(ies) which has not been already described	Free text	ESCom phrase code(s)		
4	Rigorous containment	Section 4 is relevant if the conditions of use correspond to rigorous containment. (This is from a human health perspective, for normal registrations, and does not refer to registration as intermediates.)				
14		nsy as if the action (i.e.) as placed and all anti-vith possible and maintenance).		the second second		
5	Measured data available	Section 5 is relevant if measured data is available to support the registrant's assessment				
6	Additional good practice advice	Section 6 is relevant if you want to provide advice to reduce the exposure but where obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH are not expected to apply	9			



## **SWED - Example**

Guide to fill in the template

Input for assessment

To be included in extended safety data sheet

#### SWED TEMPLATE

Part 1 Scope

	OWED TERM EATE								
	SWED Template v01; February 2016	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						
Row No.	Field name	Explanations/He/p text	SWED 1						
			Field content	Information for communication					
ì	SWED identifiers	Section 1 provides information on the scope of the SWED							
1.1	SWED title*	Title for the SWED indicating activities/products addressed							
1.2	SWED code*	Alphanumerical code assigned to the SWED. This is the same as column S in Use Map template. Format is <sector>_SWED_<is or="" pw=""> plus optional elements using harmonised abbreviations.</is></sector>							
1.3	Short description of process/activity covered*	Explanation of the activities covered by the SWED (supplements the SWED title).		Free text/Standard phrase					
1.4.1	Short description of the applicability domain (in terms of substance properties)	When relevant and when known, identify any boundaries with respect to substance properties (e.g. hazard classification, volatility bands, DNEL bands). The intention is to help registrants identify the appropriate SWEDs for their substance							
1.4.2	Short description of factors during use that may influence selection of modelling tool	When relevant and when known, identify any considerations during use that may influence exposure estimation (e.g. generation of aerosols). The intention is to help registrants identify the appropriate estimation method for their substance, and the method could be recommended here. In general, provide contextual information and details here and at relevant points in this form to help the registrant choose the appropriate model parameters.							
1.5	Relevant SUMI(s) for end-user communication	Give SUMI reference if there is an available SUMI for communication to end- users, corresponding to the activity(les) and sets of conditions of use described in this SWED.	SUMI reference(s)	SUMI r					
1.6	Relevant contributing activity(ies)*	Describe the CA covered by this SWED in the two rows below. Insert extra grey rows for any additional CA included in the SWED, and increase lettering (1.6a, 1.6b) All CA in a single column must have the same conditions of use.							
1.6a.1	Contributing activity/scenario name*	Indicate the name of the contributing activity(ies) covered by this SWED. This is the same as the CA name in column O of the Use Map Template.							
1.6a.2	Corresponding PROC*	Indicate the PROC(s) that are covered by this SWED. The description of PROCs is available in the worksheet "PROC & effectiveness". This is the same as the CA descriptor in column R of the Use Map Template.							
1.7	Last Revision date	Provide the date of the latest SWED revision in the format dd/mm/yyyy, or version number							

This information is displayed in the CSR

This information is displayed in the ES for communication

Only relevant for the assessor

# Specific consumer exposure determinant (SCED)





### What are SCEDs?

Specific Consumer Exposure Determinant



- Documents typical conditions of use of consumer products, expressed in a form that can be fed into commonly applied exposure assessment tools (e.g. quantity of product used, frequency of use, place of use)
- Initially foreseen for use with ECETOC TRA and Chesar
- Includes suitable standard phrases that help registrant communicate effectively with downstream user
- Further explained in *ECHA Guidance on CSA R.15*

echa.europa.eu 14



### **SCED** data structure

Input for assessment by route of exposure

				Exposure via derinar route	choose directifi.
				Rationale	Freetext
				Skin Contact Area	Choose an item.
					Free text
				Dermal transfer factor	Numerical – (default 1)
					Free text
	Evnac	ure Determinants or	Value <sup>1</sup> and [ESCOM	Inhalation Specific Determinants	
	Expos		value and [ESCOIV	Exposure via inhalation route	Choose an item.
		Descriptors			
	SCED ch	aracteristics		Rationale	Free text
		Name of the SCEDs	Title from each association	Spray application?	Choose an item.
	50	PC/AC descriptor	PC/AC number		
		SCED code	<sector><sced><pc ac="" code=""><numb< th=""><th>Amount of Product used per</th><th>Numerical</th></numb<></pc></sced></sector>	Amount of Product used per	Numerical
Scope		Code of other related SCED	n.a./ <sector><sced><pc accode=""><nu< th=""><th>application (g/event)</th><th></th></nu<></pc></sced></sector>	application (g/event)	
of the	_ \	Author	Association name	Rationale	Free text
		Source of SCED	Association website where the SCED ca	Exposure Time per event (h)	Numerical
SCED	Ph	ysical form of the products	Choose an item.		Free text
				Inhalation transfer factor	Numerical – (default 1)
	Usercha	User characteristics		Rationale	Free text
	'	Adult/child assumed	Product used by adult (defaults based u	Place of use	Choose an item.
	Commo	n Determinants			
		ncentration of substance in	Numerical (Default maximum 1)	Oral Specific Determinants	
	Cor	mixture (g/g)	Numerical (Default maximum 1)	Exposure via oral route	Choose an item.
		Explanations	(Substance specific information)	Exposure the state force	
		Explanations	Free text	Rationale	Free text
Loout	F	requency of use over a day	Numerical	Volume swallowed (cm³)	Numerical
Input	_/ .	(event/day)	Transcribus	voidine stranowed (diri )	Trainerious
for	<b>—</b>	Rationale	Free text	Rationale	Free text
assess	Fr	equency of use over a year	Choose an item.	Oral transfer Factor	Numerical – (default 1)
					Free text
ment		Rationale	Free text		1
					<b>_</b>

**Dermal Specific Determinants** 

**Exposure via dermal route** Choose an item.

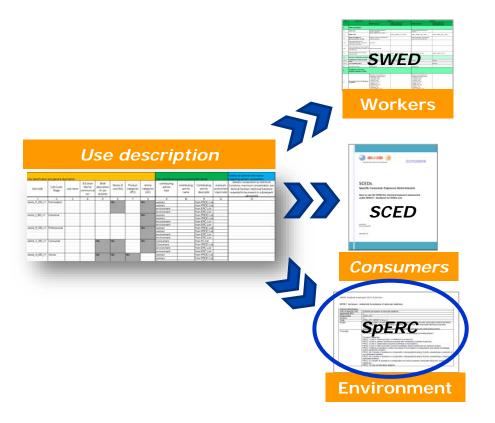
echa.europa.eu 15 Specific environmental release category (SPERC)





### What are SPERCs?

**Sp**ecific Environmental Release Category



- Information defined by industry sectors describing (for a use):
  - ✓ Set of conditions of use and risk management measures for the environment
  - ✓ Related release factors (including explanations on their origin)
- Can be used by registrants as input to their exposure assessment, and chemical safety report (fields aligned with IUCLID)
- Ensures realistic and relevant assessments
- Includes suitable standard phrases that help registrants to communicate effectively with downstream users.
- Further explained in ECHA Guidance on CSA R.16



Indicate what is included in extended safety data sheet

## **SPERC** information structure

FSS	Section	Content field	Explanation of content	CSR _	eSDS =
1.1	Title	1.1 Title of SPERC. freetext		Υ	Υ
		1.2 SPERC code: picklist (select one)*		Y	Υ
		2.1 Substance/Product Domain			
		Substance types / functions / properties included or excluded: freetext		Υ	N
		Additional specification of product types covered: freetext			
Scope		Inclusion of sub-SPERCs: y/n		Υ	N
2. Sc	cope	2.2 Process domain			
		Description of activities/processes: freetext		Υ	N
		2.3 List of applicable UDs			
		LCS: picklist (select one)*		Υ	Υ
		SU: picklist (multi-select)*		Υ	Υ
Input		PC: picklist (multi-select)*		Υ	Υ
for 3. 0	perational ditions	3.1 Conditions of use			

echa.europa.eu

18



## Key messages on use maps

- Use map information used by registrants as input for exposure assessment and chemical safety report
- Ensure realistic and relevant assessments
- Use map information communicated to downstream users in extended safety data sheet
- Automatic translation of extended safety data sheets easier with standard phrases
- Important to understand how information in the use map is used and by whom

echa.europa.eu 19

## Use maps in practice

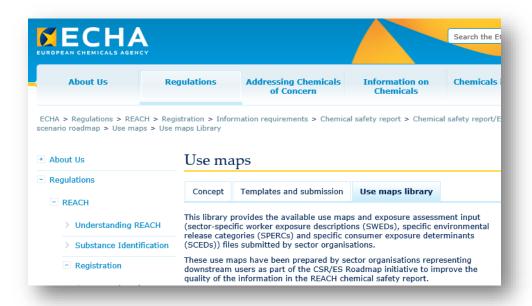




## More information on use maps



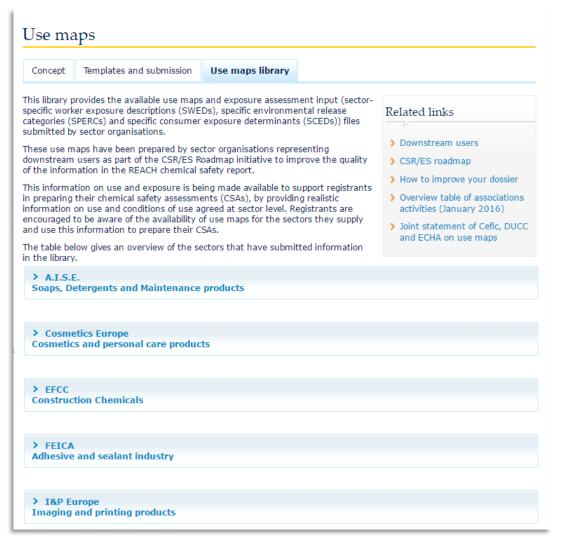
Unique point of access



- Empty templates
- Library containing use maps elements

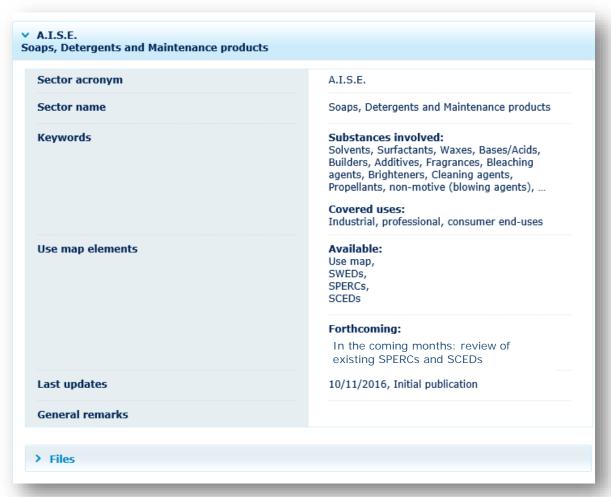


## **Use map library**





## Use map library content



#### Covered by the sector:

- Product types
- Substance types
- Uses

#### Use map elements:

- What is available
- What is planned
- Use map files directly downloadable

23



## Use maps: state of play

Five sector use maps available













More sector use maps under development

echa.europa.eu 24



## Use maps: next steps

- More use maps expected
- Make use maps available in "win-win" for downstream user sectors and registrants
- Workshop and support provided by ECHA
- Cefic pilot with all supply chain actors to illustrate application of use maps

25



## Key messages

- Use maps are an efficient way for downstream users to inform registrants about realistic uses and conditions of use
- Key source of information for registrants to perform exposure assessments and communicate safe uses in the supply chain
- You play an active role

26



## Thank you

sandrine.lefevre-brevart@echa.europa.eu

Subscribe to our news at echa.europa.eu/subscribe

Follow us on Twitter @EU\_ECHA

Follow us on Facebook Facebook.com/EUECHA

