Justification for the selection of a
candidate CoRAP substance

# - Update -

Substance Name (Public Name):	Reaction products of 1,1'-methylenebis(4- isocyanatobenzene) in excess and 1-isocyanato- 2-(4-isocyanatobenzyl)benzene in excess with 2,2'- [(methylethylene)bis(oxy)]di(methylethanol), butane-1,3-diol and propane-1,2-diol
Chemical Group:	
EC Number:	701-029-8
CAS Number:	N/A
Submitted by:	Health Board, Estonia
Date:	20/03/2013 20/03/2018 (1. Update)

#### **Cover Note**

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

#### Contents

1	IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE 1.1 Name and other identifiers of the substance	3 3
2	CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING 2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP 2.2 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP 2.3 Self classification	4 4 5
3	<ul> <li>JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION</li> <li>3.1 Legal basis for the proposal</li> <li>3.2 Grounds for concern</li> <li>3.3 Information on aggregated tonnage and uses</li> <li>3.4 Other completed/ongoing regulatory processes</li> <li>3.5 Information to be requested to clarify the suspected risk</li> <li>3.6 Potential follow-up and link to risk management</li> </ul>	5 5 6 6 7 7

### **1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE**

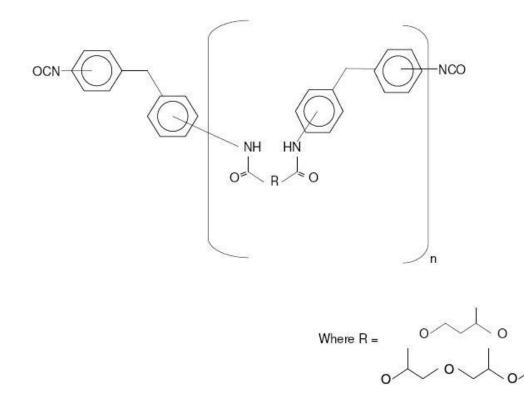
#### **1.1** Name and other identifiers of the substance

Public Name:	Reaction products of 1,1'-methylenebis(4- isocyanatobenzene) in excess and 1-isocyanato-2- (4-isocyanatobenzyl)benzene in excess with 2,2'- [(methylethylene)bis(oxy)]di(methylethanol), butane-1,3-diol and propane-1,2-diol
EC number:	701-029-8
EC name:	Reaction products of 1,1'-methylenebis(4- isocyanatobenzene) in excess and 1-isocyanato-2- (4-isocyanatobenzyl)benzene in excess with 2,2'- [(methylethylene)bis(oxy)]di(methylethanol), butane-1,3-diol and propane-1,2-diol
CAS number (in the EC inventory):	-
CAS number:	-
CAS name:	
IUPAC name:	
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	
Molecular formula:	C14 H10 N O ( R C15 H12 N2 O2)n NCO where R = C4 H8 O2 and C9 H18 O4 and C3 H6 O2
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	са. 365.0
Synonyms:	

#### **Table 1: Substance identity**

**Type of substance** Mono-constituent Multi-constituent VVCB

#### Structural formula:



#### 2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

#### 2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

N/A

# 2.2 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

N/A

0

### 2.3 Self classification

The registration data includes the following self-classification:

According to CLP criteria:

- Acute Tox. 4; H332: Harmful if inhaled.
- Skin Irrit. 2; H315: Causes skin irritation,  $C \ge 5\%$ .
- Eye Irrit. 2; H319: Causes serious eye irritation,  $C \ge 5\%$ .
- Resp. Sens. 1; H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- STOT Sing. Exp. 3. H335: May cause respiratory irritation,  $C \ge 5\%$ .
- STOT Rep. Exp. 2. H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Skin Sens. 1; H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Carc. 2; H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
- EUH204: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### According to DSD criteria:

- Xn; R20 Harmful; Harmful by inhalation.
- Xn; R48/20 Harmful; Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
- Xi; R36/37/38 Irritant; Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
- R42/43 May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.
- Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

#### **3 JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE** CORAP SUBSTANCE

#### 3.1 Legal basis for the proposal

- $\boxtimes$  Article 44(2) (refined prioritisation criteria for substance evaluation)
- Article 45(5) (Member State priority)

#### **3.2 Grounds for concern**

(Suspected) CMR	🛛 Wide dispersive use	Cumulative exposure	
(Suspected) Sensitiser	🖾 Consumer use	🗌 High RCR	
(Suspected) PBT	Exposure of sensitive populations	Aggregated tonnage	
Suspected endocrine disruptor	Other (provide further details below)		
It needs to be clarified how the hyrolysis product contributes to the associating risks at use. The genotoxic potential of the substance needs to be assessed.			

## 3.3 Information on aggregated tonnage and uses

🗌 1 – 10 tpa		🗌 10 – 100 tpa		⊠ 100 -	- 1000 tpa
□ 1000 – 10,000 tpa		🗌 10,000 – 100,000 tpa			
🗌 100,000 – 1000,000 tpa		□ > 1000,000 tp	ba		
Confidential					
Industrial use Professional use		ssional use	Consumer use		Closed System
Substance is used in several consumer products.					

# **3.4 Other completed/ongoing regulatory processes that may** affect suitability for substance evaluation

Compliance check	Dangerous substances Directive 67/548/EEC
Testing proposal	Existing Substances Regulation 793/93/EEC
Annex VI (CLP)	Plant Protection Products Regulation 91/414/EEC
Annex XV (SVHC)	Biocidal Products Directive 98/8/EEC
Annex XIV (Authorisation)	Other (provide further details below)
Annex XVII (Restriction)	

# **3.5 Information to be requested to clarify the suspected risk**

Information on toxicological properties	Information on physico-chemical properties			
Information on fate and behaviour	Information on exposure			
☐ Information on ecotoxicological properties	Information on uses			
Other (provide further details below)				
Requested information should help to understan the exposure to the substance as well as its' hyd				

# 3.6 Potential follow-up and link to risk management

Restriction	Harmonised C&L	Authorisation	Other (provide further details)